Trabecular Metal Total Conventional Hip Investigation

Note: This analysis compares the Trabecular Metal femoral stem prosthesis with all other total conventional hip prostheses.

This prosthesis has been identified as having a significantly higher rate of revision. For a detailed explanation of the process used by the Registry that results in identification of prostheses that have a higher than anticipated rate of revision please refer to the Prostheses with Higher than Anticipated Rates of Revision chapter of the most recent AOANJRR Annual Report, https://aoanjrr.sahmri.com/annual-reports-2025.

Note: Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using prostheses with no recorded use in 2024 are excluded from the comparator.

TABLE 1

Revision Rate of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

The revision rate of the Trabecular Metal total conventional hip prosthesis is compared to all other total conventional hip prostheses.

Table 1: Revision Rates of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

Component	N Revised	N Total	Obs. Years	Revisions/100 Obs. Yrs (95% CI)
Trabecular Metal	131	1904	20582	0.64 (0.53, 0.76)
Other Total Conventional Hip	19492	552154	3552443	0.55 (0.54, 0.56)
TOTAL	19623	554058	3573024	0.55 (0.54, 0.56)

TABLE 2

Yearly Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

The yearly cumulative percent revision of the Trabecular Metal total conventional hip prosthesis is compared to all other total conventional hip prostheses.

Table 2: Yearly Cumulative Percent Revision (95% CI) of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

CPR	1 Yr	2 Yrs	3 Yrs	4 Yrs	5 Yrs	6 Yrs	7 Yrs	8 Yrs
Trabecular Metal	3.5 (2.8, 4.5)	4.2 (3.4, 5.2)	4.8 (3.9, 5.8)	5.1 (4.2, 6.2)	5.4 (4.5, 6.6)	5.8 (4.8, 6.9)	6.2 (5.2, 7.4)	6.4 (5.4, 7.6)
Other Total Conventional Hip	1.7 (1.7, 1.8)	2.2 (2.1, 2.2)	2.5 (2.4, 2.5)	2.8 (2.7, 2.8)	3.0 (3.0, 3.1)	3.3 (3.3, 3.4)	3.6 (3.5, 3.6)	3.9 (3.8, 3.9)

CPR	9 Yrs	10 Yrs	11 Yrs	12 Yrs	13 Yrs	14 Yrs	15 Yrs	16 Yrs
Trabecular Metal	6.6 (5.6, 7.8)	6.8 (5.7, 8.1)	7.0 (5.9, 8.3)	7.1 (6.0, 8.4)	7.1 (6.0, 8.4)	7.1 (6.0, 8.4)	7.1 (6.0, 8.4)	8.0 (6.5, 9.9)
Other Total Conventional Hip	4.2 (4.1, 4.2)	4.4 (4.4, 4.5)	4.8 (4.7, 4.8)	5.2 (5.1, 5.3)	5.5 (5.4, 5.6)	5.9 (5.8, 6.0)	6.3 (6.2, 6.4)	6.7 (6.6, 6.9)

CPR	17 Yrs	18 Yrs	19 Yrs	20 Yrs	21 Yrs	22 Yrs	23 Yrs
Trabecular Metal	8.0 (6.5, 9.9)						
Other Total Conventional Hip	7.1 (6.9, 7.2)	7.4 (7.3, 7.6)	7.9 (7.7, 8.1)	8.3 (8.0, 8.5)	8.8 (8.5, 9.1)	9.3 (9.0, 9.7)	0.9 (9.4, 10.5)

FIGURE 1

Yearly Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

The yearly cumulative percent revision of the Trabecular Metal total conventional hip prosthesis is compared to all other total conventional hip prostheses. In addition, hazard ratios are reported.

Hazard ratios are reported for specific time periods during which the hazard ratio is constant. This is done to enable more specific and valid comparisons of the risk of revision over time. The pattern of variation in risk has important implications with respect to the underlying reasons for any difference.

Figure 1: Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement HR - adjusted for age and gender 20% Trabecular Metal Trabecular Metal vs Other Total Conventional Hip 18% Other Total Conventional Hip 0 - 1Mth: HR=2.58 (95% CI 1.85, 3.59), p<0.001 16% 1Mth - 1.5Yr: HR=1.74 (95% CI 1.29, 2.36), p<0.001 1.5Yr - 2Yr: HR=0.83 (95% CL0.27, 2.58), p=0.748 **Cumulative Percent Revision** 14% 2Yr - 3.5Yr: HR=1.36 (95% CI 0.77, 2.40), p=0.290 12% 3.5Yr - 4Yr: HR=2.06 (95% CI 0.86, 4.98), p=0.106 4Yr - 7Yr: HR=1.34 (95% CI 0.85, 2.10), p=0.206 10% 7Yr+: HR=0.51 (95% CI 0.30, 0.84), p=0.008 8% 6% 4% 2% 0% 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 8 Years Since Primary Procedure **Number at Risk** 0 Yr 1 Yr 2 Yrs 4 Yrs 5 Yrs 6 Yrs 7 Yrs 8 Yrs 9 Yrs 10 Yrs 1718 1688 1904 1812 1783 1746 1638 1594 1538 1402 1269 552154 487715 432817 384210 337213 295811 254946 217123 182233 150376 122151

Trabecular Metal 1052 Other Total Conventional Hip 99378

16 Yrs

130

17 Yrs

58

18 Yrs 19 Yrs

3

20581 15102 10871

20 Yrs

0

7426

0

21 Yrs

0

4536

0

2346

0

851

Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2024 are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator.

15 Yrs

254

Number at Risk

Other Total Conventional Hip

Trabecular Metal

12 Yrs

878

13 Yrs

658

14 Yrs

442

80223 63999 49890 37936 28064

Primary Diagnosis for Revised Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

This table identifies the diagnosis of the primary procedure which was subsequently revised. This information is provided as there is a variation on outcome depending on the primary diagnosis. It is therefore important when considering the reasons for a higher than anticipated rate of revision that there is identification of the primary diagnosis. This information should be compared to the primary diagnosis for the revisions of all other total conventional hip prostheses.

Table 3: Primary Diagnosis for Revised Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

	Trabecular Metal		Other Total Co	nventional Hip
Primary Diagnosis	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Osteoarthritis	121	92.4	16174	83.0
Fractured Neck Of Femur	4	3.1	1436	7.4
Osteonecrosis	3	2.3	856	4.4
Developmental Dysplasia	1	0.8	313	1.6
Rheumatoid Arthritis	2	1.5	210	1.1
Failed Internal Fixation			157	0.8
Tumour			148	0.8
Other Inflammatory Arthritis			112	0.6
Fracture/Dislocation			53	0.3
Other			19	0.1
Arthrodesis Takedown			14	0.1
TOTAL	131	100.0	19492	100.0

Reasons for Revision

This is reported in two ways: a percentage of primary procedures revised and as a percentage of all revision procedures.

% Primaries Revised: This shows the proportional contribution of each revision diagnosis as a percentage of the total number of primary procedures. This percentage can be used to approximate the risk of being revised for that diagnosis. Differing percentages between groups, with the same distribution of follow up time, may identify problems of concern.

% Revisions: The number of revisions for each diagnosis is expressed as a percentage of the total number of revisions. This shows the distribution of reasons for revision within a group but cannot be used as a comparison between groups.

Table 4: Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement - Reason for Revision (Follow-up Limited to 18.2 Years)

		Trabecular Metal		Other	Total Convention	al Hip
Revision Diagnosis	Number	% Primaries Revised	% Revisions	Number	% Primaries Revised	% Revisions
Infection	29	1.5	22.1	4752	0.9	24.6
Prosthesis Dislocation/Instability	32	1.7	24.4	4385	0.8	22.7
Fracture	17	0.9	13.0	4319	0.8	22.3
Loosening	25	1.3	19.1	3667	0.7	19.0
Pain	5	0.3	3.8	326	0.1	1.7
Leg Length Discrepancy	4	0.2	3.1	297	0.1	1.5
Malposition	3	0.2	2.3	267	0.0	1.4
Implant Breakage Stem				197	0.0	1.0
Lysis	4	0.2	3.1	197	0.0	1.0
Implant Breakage Acetabular Insert				126	0.0	0.7
Incorrect Sizing	4	0.2	3.1	98	0.0	0.5
Wear Acetabular Insert	1	0.1	0.8	96	0.0	0.5
Metal Related Pathology	3	0.2	2.3	86	0.0	0.4
Implant Breakage Acetabular	1	0.1	0.8	67	0.0	0.3
Wear Head				41	0.0	0.2
Tumour	1	0.1	0.8	40	0.0	0.2
Implant Breakage Head				29	0.0	0.1
Heterotopic Bone				27	0.0	0.1
Wear Acetabulum				10	0.0	0.1
Osteonecrosis				3	0.0	0.0
Synovitis				1	0.0	0.0
Other	2	0.1	1.5	310	0.1	1.6
N Revision	131	6.9	100.0	19341	3.5	100.0
N Primary	1904			552154		

Note: This table is restricted to revisions within 18.2 years for all groups to allow a time-matched comparison of revisions.

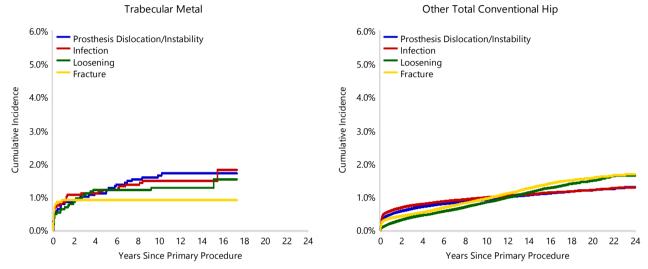
Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2024 are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator.

FIGURE 2

Cumulative Incidence Revision Diagnosis of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

This figure details the cumulative incidence of the most common reasons for revision. The five most common reasons for revision are included as long as each of these reasons account for more than 10 procedures or at least 5% of all revisions for the Trabecular Metal total conventional hip prosthesis. A comparative graph is provided of the cumulative incidence for the same reasons for revisions for all other total conventional hip prostheses.

Figure 2: Cumulative Incidence Revision Diagnosis for Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement



Type of Revision Performed for Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

This analysis identifies the components used in the revision of the Trabecular Metal total conventional hip prosthesis and compares it to the components used in the revision of all other total conventional hip prostheses.

The reason this analysis is undertaken is to identify whether there is one or more components which are being replaced that differ from the components replaced for revisions of all other total conventional hip prostheses i.e. is there a difference in the type of revision undertaken for the Trabecular Metal total conventional hip prosthesis compared to all other total conventional hip prostheses.

Table 5: Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement - Type of Revision (Follow-up Limited to 18.2 Years)

	Trabecu	lar Metal		nventional Hip
Type of Revision	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Femoral Component	35	26.7	6529	33.8
Acetabular Component	29	22.1	3378	17.5
THR (Femoral/Acetabular)	10	7.6	2223	11.5
Cement Spacer	7	5.3	593	3.1
Removal of Prostheses			98	0.5
Reinsertion of Components			29	0.1
Total Femoral			13	0.1
Bipolar Head and Femoral			9	0.0
N Major	81	61.8	12872	66.6
Head/Insert	34	26.0	5062	26.2
Head Only	12	9.2	922	4.8
Minor Components	1	0.8	304	1.6
Insert Only	3	2.3	178	0.9
Bipolar Only			1	0.0
Cement Only			1	0.0
Head/Neck			1	0.0
N Minor	50	38.2	6469	33.4
TOTAL	131	100.0	19341	100.0

Note: This table is restricted to revisions within 18.2 years for all groups to allow a time-matched comparison of revisions. Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2024 are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator.

Revision Rates of Trabecular Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Fixation

This analysis is provided as some prostheses have more than one fixation option. Additionally there are prostheses where an alternative to the recommended approach to fixation was used e.g. a cementless prosthesis that has been cemented or vice-versa.

Table 6: Revised Number of Trabecular Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Fixation

Fixation	N Revised	N Total
Cementless	131	1899
Hybrid (Femur Cemented)	0	1
Reverse Hybrid (Femur Cementless)	0	4
TOTAL	131	1904

TABLE 7

Revision Rates of Trabecular Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Bearing Surface

This analysis is provided as some prostheses are combined with a variety of bearing surfaces. All bearing surfaces used with this prosthesis are listed.

Table 7: Revised Number of Trabecular Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Bearing Surface

Bearing Surface	N Revised	N Total
Ceramic/Ceramic	13	280
Ceramic/XLPE	35	472
Metal/Metal	14	75
Metal/XLPE	69	1077
TOTAL	131	1904

Revision Rates of Trabecular Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Approach

This analysis is provided as some prostheses are used with a variety of surgical approaches. All surgical approaches used with this prosthesis are listed.

Table 8: Revised Number of Trabecular Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Approach

Approach	N Revised	N Total
Anterior	0	1
Lateral	7	104
Posterior	8	141
TOTAL	15	246

Note: Excludes 1658 procedures with no approach recorded

Revision Rates of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by State

This enables a state by state variation to be identified for the Trabecular Metal total conventional hip prosthesis and provides the comparative data for each of the states for all other total conventional hip prostheses.

The purpose of this analysis is to determine if the higher than anticipated rate of revision has widespread distribution between states. If there is widespread distribution then the reason for the higher than anticipated rate of revision is unlikely to be surgeon specific. If the prosthesis has been used in only a small number of states it is not possible to distinguish if the higher than anticipated rate of revision is related to the prosthesis, surgeon, technique or patient.

Table 9: Revised Number of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by State

Component	State	N Revised	N Total
Trabecular Metal	NSW	59	1032
	VIC	23	373
	WA	18	167
	SA	2	17
	TAS	8	145
	ACT/NT	21	170
Other Total Conventional Hip	NSW	5288	159916
	VIC	4851	143812
	QLD	3893	100102
	WA	2492	62236
	SA	1926	51998
	TAS	448	18480
	ACT/NT	594	15610
TOTAL		19623	554058

Number of Revisions of Trabecular Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Year of Implant

This analysis details the number of prostheses reported each year to the Registry for the Trabecular Metal total conventional hip prosthesis. It also provides the subsequent number of revisions of the primaries reported in that year.

Primary procedures performed in later years have had less follow up time therefore the number revised is expected to be less than the number revised in earlier years. For example, a primary procedure performed in 2024 has a maximum of one year to be revised, whereas a primary procedure performed in 2022 has a maximum of three years to be revised.

Table 10: Number of Revisions of Trabecular Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Year of Implant

Year of Implant	Number Revised	Total Number
2006	0	6
2007	9	101
2008	12	148
2009	12	198
2010	10	242
2011	15	272
2012	26	276
2013	18	186
2014	14	220
2015	6	112
2016	5	106
2017	3	32
2018	1	5
TOTAL	131	1904

Revision Rates of Trabecular Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Catalogue Number Range

Many prostheses have a number of catalogue ranges. The catalogue range is specific to particular design features; more than one catalogue range usually indicates a minor difference in design in a particular Trabecular Metal prosthesis.

This analysis has been undertaken to determine if the revision rate varies according to the catalogue number range.

Model	Catalogue Range	Catalogue Description	Cement	Material
Femoral Stem				
Trabecular Metal	00786400900-00786401800	TRABECULAR METAL PRIMARY HIP FEMORAL STEM 12/14 NECK TAPER STANDARD NECK OFFSET	NO	METAL
Trabecular Metal	00786401120-00786401820	TRABECULAR METAL PRIMARY HIP FEMORAL STEM 12/14 NECK TAPER EXTENDED NECK OFFSET	NO	METAL

Table 11: Revised Number of Trabecular Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Catalogue Number Range

Femoral Stem Range	N Revised	N Total
00786400900-00786401800	62	993
00786401120-00786401820	69	911
TOTAL	131	1904

Revision Rates of Trabecular Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Component

A prosthesis may be combined with multiple components. This analysis has been undertaken to determine if the revision rate varies according to the component with which it is combined.

Table 12: Revised Number of Trabecular Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Acetabular Component

Acetabular Component	N Revised	N Total
Allofit	23	475
Continuum	54	701
Durom	11	52
Exeter X3 Rimfit	0	1
Fitmore	1	34
PINNACLE	0	7
Reflection (Cup)	0	1
Trabecular Metal (Shell)	14	180
Trilogy	28	453
TOTAL	131	1904