SPH-Blind Total Conventional Hip Investigation

Note: This analysis compares the SPH-Blind acetabular prosthesis with all other total conventional hip prostheses.

This prosthesis has been identified as having a significantly higher rate of revision. For a detailed explanation of the process used by the Registry that results in identification of prostheses that have a higher than anticipated rate of revision please refer to the Prostheses with Higher than Anticipated Rates of Revision chapter of the most recent AOANJRR Annual Report, https://aoanjrr.sahmri.com/annual-reports-2022.

Note: Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using prostheses with no recorded use in 2021 are excluded from the comparator.

TABLE 1

Revision Rate of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

The revision rate of the SPH-Blind total conventional hip prosthesis is compared to all other total conventional hip prostheses.

Table 1: Revision Rates of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

Component	N Revised	N Total	Obs. Years	Revisions/100 Obs. Yrs (95% CI)
SPH-Blind	129	952	12728	1.01 (0.85, 1.20)
Other Total Conventional Hip	15859	453455	2721137	0.58 (0.57, 0.59)
TOTAL	15988	454407	2733865	0.58 (0.58, 0.59)

Yearly Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

The yearly cumulative percent revision of the SPH-Blind total conventional hip prosthesis is compared to all other total conventional hip prostheses.

Table 2: Yearly Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

CPR	1 Yr	2 Yrs	3 Yrs	4 Yrs	5 Yrs	6 Yrs	7 Yrs
SPH-Blind	3.8 (2.8, 5.2)	4.8 (3.6, 6.3)	5.8 (4.5, 7.5)	6.5 (5.1, 8.3)	7.3 (5.8, 9.2)	8.4 (6.8, 10.4)	8.9 (7.2, 11.0)
Other Total Conventional Hip	1.7 (1.7, 1.8)	2.2 (2.2, 2.2)	2.5 (2.5, 2.6)	2.8 (2.8, 2.9)	3.1 (3.0, 3.2)	3.4 (3.3, 3.5)	3.7 (3.6, 3.7)
CPR	8 Yrs	9 Yrs	10 Yrs	11 Yrs	12 Yrs	13 Yrs	14 Yrs
SPH-Blind	9.8 (8.0, 11.9)	10.1 (8.3, 12.3)	10.4 (8.6, 12.6)	10.8 (8.9, 13.0)	11.8 (9.8, 14.1)	12.4 (10.3, 14.7)	12.8 (10.7, 15.3)
Other Total Conventional Hip	4.0 (3.9, 4.0)	4.3 (4.2, 4.4)	4.6 (4.6, 4.7)	5.0 (4.9, 5.1)	5.4 (5.3, 5.5)	5.8 (5.7, 5.9)	6.3 (6.1, 6.4)
CPR	15 Yrs	16 Yrs	17 Yrs	18 Yrs	19 Yrs	20 Yrs	21 Yrs
SPH-Blind	14.4 (12.2, 17.0)	14.8 (12.5, 17.4)	15.1 (12.8, 17.8)	15.6 (13.3, 18.4)	16.1 (13.6, 19.0)	16.8 (14.0, 20.1)	
Other Total Conventional Hip	6.7 (6.5, 6.8)	7.1 (6.9, 7.3)	7.5 (7.3, 7.7)	7.9 (7.6, 8.1)	8.6 (8.3, 8.9)	8.9 (8.5, 9.3)	9.8 (9.0, 10.8)

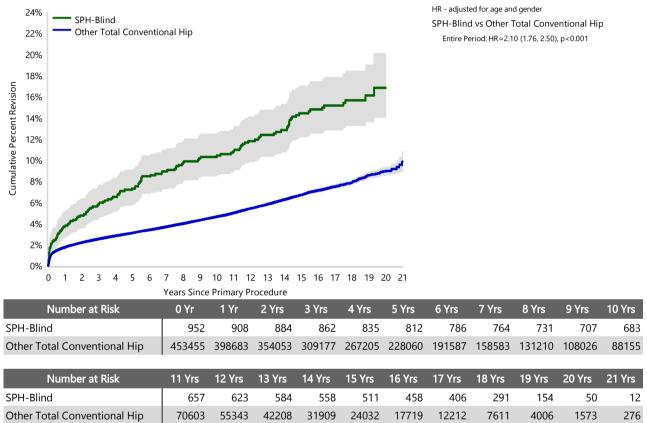
FIGURE 1

Yearly Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

The yearly cumulative percent revision of the SPH-Blind total conventional hip prosthesis is compared to all other total conventional hip prostheses. In addition, hazard ratios are reported.

Hazard ratios are reported for specific time periods during which the hazard ratio is constant. This is done to enable more specific and valid comparisons of the risk of revision over time. The pattern of variation in risk has important implications with respect to the underlying reasons for any difference.

Figure 1: Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement



Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2021 are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator.

3

Primary Diagnosis for Revised Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

This table identifies the diagnosis of the primary procedure which was subsequently revised. This information is provided as there is a variation on outcome depending on the primary diagnosis. It is therefore important when considering the reasons for a higher than anticipated rate of revision that there is identification of the primary diagnosis. This information should be compared to the primary diagnosis for the revisions of all other total conventional hip prostheses.

Table 3: Primary Diagnosis for Revised Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

	SPH-Blind		Other Total Cor	nventional Hip
Primary Diagnosis	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Osteoarthritis	112	86.8	13112	82.7
Fractured Neck Of Femur	1	0.8	1164	7.3
Osteonecrosis	8	6.2	718	4.5
Developmental Dysplasia	4	3.1	247	1.6
Rheumatoid Arthritis	1	0.8	173	1.1
Failed Internal Fixation	1	0.8	140	0.9
Tumour	1	0.8	137	0.9
Other Inflammatory Arthritis			91	0.6
Fracture/Dislocation			47	0.3
Arthrodesis Takedown	1	0.8	16	0.1
Other			14	0.1
TOTAL	129	100.0	15859	100.0

Reasons for Revision

This is reported in two ways: a percentage of primary procedures revised and as a percentage of all revision procedures.

% Primaries Revised: This shows the proportional contribution of each revision diagnosis as a percentage of the total number of primary procedures. This percentage can be used to approximate the risk of being revised for that diagnosis. Differing percentages between groups, with the same distribution of follow up time, may identify problems of concern.

% Revisions: The number of revisions for each diagnosis is expressed as a percentage of the total number of revisions. This shows the distribution of reasons for revision within a group but cannot be used as a comparison between groups.

Table 4: Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement - Reason for Revision

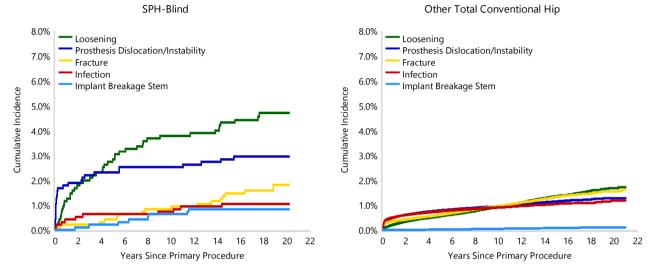
		SPH-Blind		Othe	r Total Convention	al Hip
Revision Diagnosis	Number	% Primaries Revised	% Revisions	Number	% Primaries Revised	% Revisions
Prosthesis Dislocation/Instability	28	2.9	21.7	3717	0.8	23.4
Infection	10	1.1	7.8	3552	0.8	22.4
Fracture	16	1.7	12.4	3440	8.0	21.7
Loosening	44	4.6	34.1	3229	0.7	20.4
Pain	4	0.4	3.1	287	0.1	1.8
Leg Length Discrepancy				260	0.1	1.6
Malposition	1	0.1	0.8	226	0.0	1.4
Lysis	5	0.5	3.9	184	0.0	1.2
Implant Breakage Stem	8	8.0	6.2	151	0.0	1.0
Implant Breakage Acetabular Insert	6	0.6	4.7	114	0.0	0.7
Incorrect Sizing				95	0.0	0.6
Wear Acetabular Insert	1	0.1	0.8	91	0.0	0.6
Metal Related Pathology				70	0.0	0.4
Implant Breakage Acetabular	5	0.5	3.9	67	0.0	0.4
Wear Head				45	0.0	0.3
Tumour				37	0.0	0.2
Implant Breakage Head	1	0.1	0.8	30	0.0	0.2
Heterotopic Bone				23	0.0	0.1
Wear Acetabulum				9	0.0	0.1
Progression Of Disease				2	0.0	0.0
Osteonecrosis				1	0.0	0.0
Synovitis				1	0.0	0.0
Other				228	0.1	1.4
N Revision	129	13.6	100.0	15859	3.5	100.0
N Primary	952			453455		

FIGURE 2

Cumulative Incidence Revision Diagnosis of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

This figure details the cumulative incidence of the most common reasons for revision. The five most common reasons for revision are included as long as each of these reasons account for more than 10 procedures or at least 5% of all revisions for the SPH-Blind total conventional hip prosthesis. A comparative graph is provided of the cumulative incidence for the same reasons for revisions for all other total conventional hip prostheses.

Figure 2: Cumulative Incidence Revision Diagnosis for Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement



Type of Revision Performed for Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

This analysis identifies the components used in the revision of the SPH-Blind total conventional hip prosthesis and compares it to the components used in the revision of all other total conventional hip prostheses.

The reason this analysis is undertaken is to identify whether there is one or more components which are being replaced that differ from the components replaced for revisions of all other total conventional hip prostheses i.e. is there a difference in the type of revision undertaken for the SPH-Blind total conventional hip prosthesis compared to all other total conventional hip prostheses.

Table 5: Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement - Type of Revision

rable 5.11mary 10tal ed	SPH-Blind		Other Total Co	nventional Hip
Type of Revision	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Femoral Component	42	32.6	5155	32.5
Acetabular Component	33	25.6	3059	19.3
THR (Femoral/Acetabular)	16	12.4	1815	11.4
Cement Spacer	2	1.6	594	3.7
Removal of Prostheses			97	0.6
Reinsertion of Components			25	0.2
Total Femoral			6	0.0
Bipolar Head and Femoral			4	0.0
Saddle			1	0.0
N Major	93	72.1	10756	67.8
Head/Insert	13	10.1	3875	24.4
Head Only	3	2.3	778	4.9
Minor Components	3	2.3	274	1.7
Insert Only	1	0.8	172	1.1
Head/Neck/Insert	10	7.8		
Head/Neck	5	3.9	1	0.0
Bipolar Only			2	0.0
Cement Only			1	0.0
Neck/Insert	1	0.8		
N Minor	36	27.9	5103	32.2
TOTAL	129	100.0	15859	100.0

Revision Rates of SPH-Blind Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Fixation

This analysis is provided as some prostheses have more than one fixation option. Additionally there are prostheses where an alternative to the recommended approach to fixation was used e.g. a cementless prosthesis that has been cemented or vice-versa.

Table 6: Revised Number of SPH-Blind Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Fixation

Fixation	N Revised	N Total
Cemented	1	2
Cementless	107	770
Hybrid (Femur Cemented)	21	178
Reverse Hybrid (Femur Cementless)	0	2
TOTAL	129	952

TABLE 7

Revision Rates of SPH-Blind Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Bearing Surface

This analysis is provided as some prostheses are combined with a variety of bearing surfaces. All bearing surfaces used with this prosthesis are listed.

Table 7: Revised Number of SPH-Blind Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Bearing Surface

Bearing Surface	N Revised	N Total
Ceramic/Ceramic	95	641
Ceramic/Non XLPE	7	61
Metal/Metal	0	1
Metal/Non XLPE	27	247
Unknown	0	2
TOTAL	129	952

Revision Rates of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by State

This enables a state by state variation to be identified for the SPH-Blind total conventional hip prosthesis and provides the comparative data for each of the states for all other total conventional hip prostheses.

The purpose of this analysis is to determine if the higher than anticipated rate of revision has widespread distribution between states. If there is widespread distribution then the reason for the higher than anticipated rate of revision is unlikely to be surgeon specific. If the prosthesis has been used in only a small number of states it is not possible to distinguish if the higher than anticipated rate of revision is related to the prosthesis, surgeon, technique or patient.

Table 8: Revised Number of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by State

Component	State	N Revised	N Total
SPH-Blind	NSW	39	379
	VIC	8	105
	QLD	38	288
	WA	37	136
	ACT/NT	7	44
Other Total Conventional Hip	NSW	4298	132969
	VIC	3982	116998
	QLD	3146	80122
	WA	2184	53952
	SA	1415	41929
	TAS	372	15098
	ACT/NT	462	12387
TOTAL		15988	454407

Number of Revisions of SPH-Blind Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Year of Implant

This analysis details the number of prostheses reported each year to the Registry for the SPH-Blind total conventional hip prosthesis. It also provides the subsequent number of revisions of the primaries reported in that year.

Primary procedures performed in later years have had less follow up time therefore the number revised is expected to be less than the number revised in earlier years. For example, a primary procedure performed in 2021 has a maximum of one year to be revised, whereas a primary procedure performed in 2019 has a maximum of three years to be revised.

Table 9: Number of Revisions of SPH-Blind Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Year of Implant

Year of Implant	Number Revised	Total Number
2000	2	32
2001	17	116
2002	24	229
2003	39	261
2004	27	205
2005	8	41
2006	9	49
2007	3	19
TOTAL	129	952

Revision Rates of SPH-Blind Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Catalogue Number Range

Many prostheses have a number of catalogue ranges. The catalogue range is specific to particular design features; more than one catalogue range usually indicates a minor difference in design in a particular SPH-Blind prosthesis.

This analysis has been undertaken to determine if the revision rate varies according to the catalogue number range.

Model	Catalogue Range	Catalogue Description	Cement	Material
Acetabular				
SPH-Blind	552925010-552925120	SPH BLIND ACETABULAR CUP	NO	METAL

Table 10: Revised Number of SPH-Blind Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Catalogue Number Range

Acetabular Range	N Revised	N Total
552925010-552925120	129	952
TOTAL	129	952

Revision Rates of SPH-Blind Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Component

A prosthesis may be combined with multiple components. This analysis has been undertaken to determine if the revision rate varies according to the component with which it is combined.

Table 11: Revised Number of SPH-Blind Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Femoral Stem Component

Femoral Stem Component	N Revised	N Total
AcuMatch M-Series	1	6
Apex	9	35
C-Stem	2	10
C2	1	3
CORAIL	0	11
Elite Plus	0	5
Esop	0	1
Exeter V40	1	10
F2L	68	616
Friendly Hip	19	145
GMRS	0	1
Generic Modular Body	1	2
H Moos	0	7
MS 30	0	1
Margron	20	49
Modulus	0	3
PFM-R	0	1
Restoration	0	1
Revision Hip	0	10
S-Rom	1	3
Secur-Fit Plus	0	1
Stability	1	4
Summit	1	3
UniSyn	4	23
VerSys Heritage	0	1
TOTAL	129	952