

2024 SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT

Prosthesis Types with No or Minimal Use





Australian
Orthopaedic
Association
National
Joint
Replacement
Registry

Australian Orthopaedic Association National Joint Replacement Registry

Prosthesis Types with No or Minimal Use

2024 Supplementary Report

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The Registry greatly appreciates the participation of all joint replacement patients throughout Australia. Their contribution allows ongoing improvements in arthroplasty outcomes to be achieved.

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Contents

SUMMARY	
HIP REPLACEMENT	
Partial Resurfacing Thrust Plate	ī
Ceramic on Metal Outcomes	-
Ceramic on Metal Outcomes	
Exchangeable Neck Prostheses	
KNEE REPLACEMENT	14
Partial Resurfacing	
Unispacer	
Bicompartmental	
SHOULDER REPLACEMENT	2 ⁻
Total Resurfacing Anatomic	2 ²
LIST OF TABLES	23
LIST OF FIGURES	20

Summary

This report provides summary data and outcomes for hip, knee and shoulder prosthesis types with no or minimal use in Australia.

There are two classes of hip replacement no longer used: partial resurfacing and thrust plate. These are defined in the following section on hip replacement. These two classes of implants have not been used since 2014 and 2012, respectively.

There are two bearing surfaces used in total conventional hip replacement that have no or little use: procedures performed with ceramic heads on metal bearings and procedures performed with metal heads on ceramic bearings.

The rates of revision, reasons for revision and types of revision for procedures using ceramic head/metal bearings are provided. The number of procedures using metal heads/ceramic bearings is very low, so only a summary is provided for this combination.

There is one prosthesis type used in total conventional hip replacement that has minimal use: exchangeable neck prostheses. The proportion of procedures using exchangeable necks continues to decline.

There are three classes of partial knee replacement that are no longer used: Partial resurfacing, unispacer and bicompartmental. These are defined in the second section of this report on knee replacement. Unispacer and bicompartmental have not been used since 2005 and 2012, respectively. Partial resurfacing is also no longer used with the last procedure recorded in 2022.

There is one class of shoulder replacement no longer used: total resurfacing anatomic. This class is defined in the section on shoulder replacement. Total resurfacing anatomic shoulder replacement was last used in 2020.

Hip Replacement

Partial Resurfacing

Partial resurfacing is a subcategory of partial hip replacement. It involves the use of one or more button prostheses to replace part of the natural articulating surface on one or both sides of the hip joint.

The Registry has recorded 15 partial resurfacing hip procedures and 10 of these have been revised. The last recorded procedure was in 2014 (Table SNU1).

Osteonecrosis was the principal diagnosis (46.7%) (Table SNU2). The majority of procedures were undertaken in males (80.0%) (Table SNU3).

All but one of these prostheses were used to replace part of the femoral articular surface. The remaining procedure was a partial acetabular surface replacement.

The cumulative percent revision is 6.7% at 1 year and 60.0% at 13 years (Table SNU4 and Figure SNU1).

Of the 10 revisions, 4 were for osteonecrosis, 3 were for erosion, 1 was for loosening, 1 for lysis and 1 was for progression of disease (Table SNU5). All were revised to a total hip replacement (Table SNU6).

Table SNU1 Number of Revisions of Primary Partial Resurfacing Hip Replacement by Year of Implant

Year of Implant	Number Revised	Total Number
2004	1	1
2005	1	2
2006	1	1
2007	2	5
2008	2	3
2009	2	2
2014	1	1
TOTAL	10	15

Table SNU2 Primary Partial Resurfacing Hip Replacement by Primary Diagnosis

Primary Diagnosis	Number	Percent
Osteonecrosis	7	46.7
Osteoarthritis	5	33.3
Osteochondritis Dissecans	1	6.7
Other	2	13.3
TOTAL	15	100.0

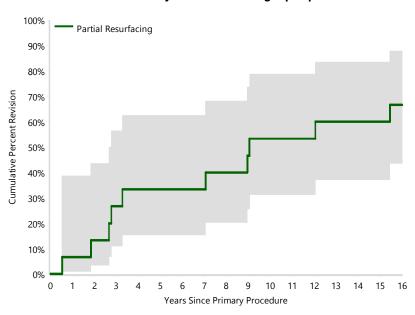
Table SNU3 Age and Gender of Primary Partial Resurfacing Hip Replacement

Gender	Number	Percent	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Mean	Std Dev
Male	12	80.0%	18	39	27	26.6	6.6
Female	3	20.0%	17	53	23	31.0	19.3
TOTAL	15	100.0%	17	53	25	27.5	9.5

Table SNU4 Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Partial Resurfacing Hip Replacement

Class	N Revised	N Total	1 Yr	2 Yrs	3 Yrs	6 Yrs	9 Yrs	13 Yrs
Partial Resurfacing	10	15	6.7 (1.0, 38.7)	13.3 (3.5, 43.6)	26.7 (10.9, 56.4)	33.3 (15.4, 62.5)	46.7 (25.6, 73.7)	60.0 (37.2, 83.5)
TOTAL	10	15						

Figure SNU1 Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Partial Resurfacing Hip Replacement



Number at Risk	0 Yr	1 Yr	2 Yrs	3 Yrs	6 Yrs	9 Yrs	13 Yrs
Partial Resurfacing	15	14	13	11	10	8	6

Table SNU5 Primary Partial Resurfacing Hip Replacement by Reason for Revision

Reason for Revision	Partial Resurfacing			
Reason for Revision	N	Col%		
Osteonecrosis	4	40.0		
Chondrolysis/Acetab. Erosion	3	30.0		
Loosening	1	10.0		
Lysis	1	10.0		
Progression of Disease	1	10.0		
TOTAL	10	100.0		

Table SNU6 Primary Partial Resurfacing Hip Replacement by Type of Revision

Type of Posicion	Partial Resurfacing		
Type of Revision	N	Col%	
THR (Femoral/Acetabular)	10	100.0	
TOTAL	10	100.0	

Thrust Plate

Thrust plate is a subcategory of total hip replacement. It involves acetabular replacement combined with resection of the femoral head and replacement with a femoral component that has a lateral fixation plate and femoral head prosthesis.

The Registry has recorded 258 thrust plate hip procedures, 29 of which have been revised. The last recorded procedure was in 2012 (Table SNU7).

Osteoarthritis was the principal diagnosis (94.2%) (Table SNU8). The majority of procedures were undertaken in males (71.3%) (Table SNU9). The cumulative percent revision is 9.8% at 13 years (Table SNU10 and Figure SNU2).

Of the 29 revisions, 37.9% were for loosening (Table SNU11). The most common type of revision was of the femoral component (48.3%) (Table SNU12).

Table SNU7 Number of Revisions of Primary Thrust Plate Hip Replacement by Year of Implant

	Year of Implant	Number Revised	Total Number
2000		2	15
2001		2	25
2002		4	31
2003		4	20
2004		2	22
2005		2	23
2006		5	14
2007		1	23
2008		2	20
2009		2	26
2010		0	15
2011		3	18
2012		0	6
TOTAL		29	258

Table SNU8 Primary Thrust Plate Hip Replacement by Primary Diagnosis

Primary Diagnosis	Number	Percent
Osteoarthritis	243	94.2
Rheumatoid Arthritis	6	2.3
Osteonecrosis	5	1.9
Developmental Dysplasia	3	1.2
Other Inflammatory Arthritis	1	0.4
TOTAL	258	100.0

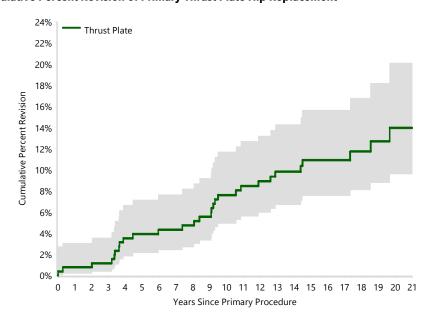
Table SNU9 Age and Gender of Primary Thrust Plate Hip Replacement

Gender	Number	Percent	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Mean	Std Dev
Male	184	71.3%	33	75	59	58.5	8.7
Female	74	28.7%	27	71	56	54.5	9.9
TOTAL	258	100.0%	27	75	58	57.3	9.2

Table SNU10 Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Thrust Plate Hip Replacement

Class	N Revised	N Total	1 Yr	2 Yrs	3 Yrs	6 Yrs	9 Yrs	13 Yrs
Thrust Plate	29	258	0.8 (0.2, 3.1)	0.8 (0.2, 3.1)	1.2 (0.4, 3.6)	4.3 (2.4, 7.7)	5.5 (3.3, 9.2)	9.8 (6.7, 14.3)
TOTAL	29	258						

Figure SNU2 Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Thrust Plate Hip Replacement



Number at Risk	0 Yr	1 Yr	2 Yrs	3 Yrs	6 Yrs	9 Yrs	13 Yrs	
Thrust Plate	258	255	255	253	237	228	193	

Table SNU11 Primary Thrust Plate Hip Replacement by Reason for Revision

Reason for Revision	Thrust Plate		
Reason for Revision	N	Col%	
Loosening	11	37.9	
Fracture	4	13.8	
Pain	4	13.8	
Lysis	3	10.3	
Metal Related Pathology	2	6.9	
Infection	2	6.9	
Wear Acetabular Insert	1	3.4	
Prosthesis Dislocation/Instability	1	3.4	
Malposition	1	3.4	
TOTAL	29	100.0	

Table SNU12 Primary Thrust Plate Hip Replacement by Type of Revision

Type of Povision	Thrust Plate		
Type of Revision	N	Col%	
Femoral Component	14	48.3	
THR (Femoral/Acetabular)	9	31.0	
Head/Insert	2	6.9	
Acetabular Component	1	3.4	
Minor Components	1	3.4	
Thrust Plate	1	3.4	
Cement Spacer	1	3.4	
TOTAL	29	100.0	

Ceramic/Metal Bearing Surface

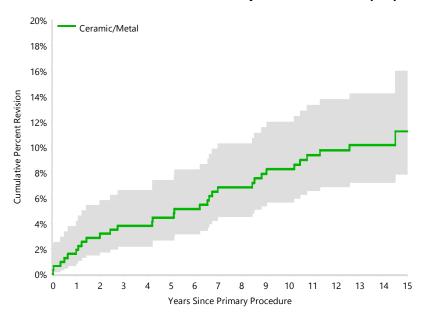
The Registry has information on 316 primary total conventional hip replacement procedures using ceramic head/metal bearings. All recorded procedures have been used with cementless acetabular components and the majority have been used with a head size of 36mm (82.59%).

The cumulative percent revision at 14 years is 10.2% (Table SNU13 and Figure SNU3).

Table SNU13 Cumulative Percent Revision of Ceramic/Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement (All Diagnoses)

Bearing Surface	N Revised	N I Total	1 Yr	2 Yrs	3 Yrs	6 Yrs	10 Yrs	14 Yrs
Ceramic/Metal	31	316	1.9 (0.9, 4.2)	3.2 (1.7, 5.8)	3.8 (2.2, 6.6)	5.1 (3.2, 8.2)	8.3 (5.6, 12.0)	10.2 (7.2, 14.2)
TOTAL	31	316						

Figure SNU3 Cumulative Percent Revision of Ceramic/Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement (All Diagnoses)



Number at Risk	0 Yr	1 Yr	2 Yrs	3 Yrs	6 Yrs	10 Yrs	14 Yrs
Ceramic/Metal	316	309	305	301	280	250	141

Table SNU14 Number of Revisions of Ceramic/Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Year of Implant

Year of Implant	Number Revised	Total Number
2007	1	16
2008	7	55
2009	12	124
2010	6	84
2011	5	35
2012	0	2
TOTAL	31	316

Table SNU15 Ceramic/Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Primary Diagnosis

Primary Diagnosis	Number	Percent
Osteoarthritis	299	94.6
Fractured Neck Of Femur	5	1.6
Osteonecrosis	5	1.6
Other Inflammatory Arthritis	3	0.9
Rheumatoid Arthritis	2	0.6
Developmental Dysplasia	2	0.6
TOTAL	316	100.0

Table SNU16 Ceramic/Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Revision Diagnosis

Basisian Diagnasia		Ceramic/Metal	
Revision Diagnosis	Number	% Primaries Revised	% Revisions
Fracture	7	2.2	22.6
Loosening	7	2.2	22.6
Prosthesis Dislocation/Instability	5	1.6	16.1
Infection	4	1.3	12.9
Pain	3	0.9	9.7
Lysis	2	0.6	6.5
Metal Related Pathology	2	0.6	6.5
Malposition	1	0.3	3.2
N Revision	31	9.8	100.0
N Primary	316		

Table SNU17 Ceramic/Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Type of Revision

Time of Devision		Ceramic/Metal	
Type of Revision	Number	% Primaries Revised	% Revisions
Femoral Component	14	4.4	45.2
Acetabular Component	6	1.9	19.4
Head/Insert	5	1.6	16.1
Cement Spacer	2	0.6	6.5
Minor Components	2	0.6	6.5
THR (Femoral/Acetabular)	2	0.6	6.5
N Revision	31	9.8	100.0
N Primary	316		

Metal/Ceramic Bearing Surface

Metal head/ceramic bearings have only been used in a small number of procedures. The Registry has information on 8 primary total conventional hip replacements using metal

head/ceramic bearings. None have been revised. All have been used with cementless acetabular components.

Table SNU18 Cumulative Percent Revision of Metal/Ceramic Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement (Primary Diagnosis OA)

Bearing Surface	N Revised	N Total	1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	7 Yrs	10 Yrs
Metal/Ceramic	0	8	0.0 (0.0, 0.0)	0.0 (0.0, 0.0)	0.0 (0.0, 0.0)	0.0 (0.0, 0.0)	0.0 (0.0, 0.0)
TOTAL	0	8					

Table SNU19 Number of Revisions of Metal/Ceramic Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Year of Implant

Year of Implant	Number Revised	Total Number
2001	0	1
2003	0	1
2006	0	2
2008	0	1
2011	0	1
2014	0	1
2015	0	1
TOTAL	0	8

Table SNU20 Metal/Ceramic Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Primary Diagnosis

Driman, Diagnosis	Total Conventional		
Primary Diagnosis	N	Col%	
Osteoarthritis	8	100.0	
TOTAL	8	100.0	

Exchangeable Neck Prostheses

A femoral stem with an exchangeable neck has a separate neck that connects proximally to the stem. Femoral stems with exchangeable necks were introduced to enable surgeons to have increased choice with respect to determining femoral neck version, offset and length during primary total conventional hip replacement.

The Registry has recorded 11,545 primary procedures using femoral stems with exchangeable necks (Table SNU21). There were 31 procedures reported in 2023 which comprised 0.1% of all primary total conventional hip procedures (Table SNU22). The proportion of procedures using exchangeable necks has declined since the peak in 2010 at 6.2% of all primary total conventional hip procedures.

The cumulative percent revision at 20 years is 14.9% for stems with exchangeable necks

Table SNU21 Exchangeable Necks Used in Total
Conventional Hip Replacement by Primary
Diagnosis

Daineana Dia manais	Excha	ngeable	Fix	æd
Primary Diagnosis	N	Col%	N	Col%
Osteoarthritis	10410	90.2	559997	87.9
Fractured Neck Of Femur	396	3.4	33316	5.2
Osteonecrosis	335	2.9	20398	3.2
Developmental Dysplasia	179	1.6	8476	1.3
Rheumatoid Arthritis	83	0.7	5198	8.0
Tumour	18	0.2	3533	0.6
Other Inflammatory Arthritis	78	0.7	2591	0.4
Failed Internal Fixation	35	0.3	2582	0.4
Fracture/Dislocation	4	0.0	868	0.1
Arthrodesis Takedown	6	0.1	130	0.0
Other	1	0.0	143	0.0
TOTAL	11545	100.0	637232	100.0

Note: All procedures using metal/metal prostheses have been excluded

compared to 9.9% for fixed neck stems (Table SNU23).

Femoral stems with exchangeable necks have more than 1.7 times the rate of revision compared to fixed neck stems (Figure SNU4). The increase in the rate of revision is due to a higher cumulative incidence of loosening (2.7% compared to 1.8%, at 20 years), prosthesis dislocation/instability (2.2% compared to 1.3%) and fracture (2.7% compared to 1.8%) (Figure SNU5).

Of the reasons for revision of femoral stems with exchangeable necks, 3.2% are for implant breakage of the femoral component compared to 1.1% for fixed neck stems (Table SNU24).

The Registry has information on 13 different exchangeable femoral neck prostheses that have been used in >100 procedures. The outcomes of each of these stems are detailed in Table SNU25.

Table SNU22 Number of Revisions of Exchangeable
Necks in Primary Total Conventional Hip
Replacement by Year of Implant

	•		-		•			
Procedure	Excha	ngeable	Fix	ed	TO ⁻	TOTAL		
Year	N	Row%	N	Row%	N	Row%		
≤2002	617	2.1	28545	97.9	29162	100.0		
2003	390	2.4	15608	97.6	15998	100.0		
2004	409	2.5	16163	97.5	16572	100.0		
2005	424	2.6	15997	97.4	16421	100.0		
2006	498	3.1	15828	96.9	16326	100.0		
2007	524	3.1	16226	96.9	16750	100.0		
2008	711	3.8	18013	96.2	18724	100.0		
2009	923	4.3	20555	95.7	21478	100.0		
2010	1514	6.2	22834	93.8	24348	100.0		
2011	1572	6.0	24729	94.0	26301	100.0		
2012	959	3.5	26557	96.5	27516	100.0		
2013	788	2.7	28732	97.3	29520	100.0		
2014	633	2.0	31566	98.0	32199	100.0		
2015	508	1.5	33494	98.5	34002	100.0		
2016	412	1.1	35761	98.9	36173	100.0		
2017	301	0.8	37089	99.2	37390	100.0		
2018	174	0.4	38650	99.6	38824	100.0		
2019	54	0.1	40134	99.9	40188	100.0		
2020	40	0.1	38641	99.9	38681	100.0		
2021	34	0.1	42180	99.9	42214	100.0		
2022	29	0.1	42649	99.9	42678	100.0		
2023	31	0.1	47281	99.9	47312	100.0		
TOTAL	11545	1.8	637232	98.2	648777	100.0		

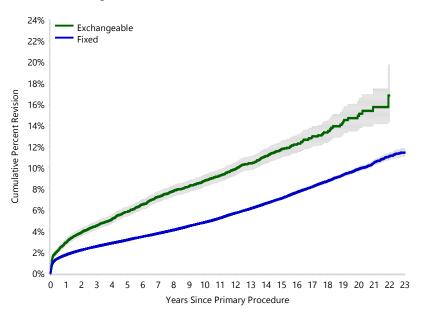
Note: All procedures using metal/metal prostheses have been excluded

Table SNU23 Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Type of Femoral Neck (All Diagnoses)

Femoral Neck	N Revised	N I Total	1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	15 Yrs	20 Yrs
Exchangeable	1095	11545	2.9 (2.6, 3.2)	4.5 (4.2, 4.9)	5.8 (5.4, 6.3)	8.8 (8.2, 9.3)	11.7 (11.0, 12.5)	14.9 (13.6, 16.3)
Fixed	26311	637232	1.7 (1.7, 1.8)	2.6 (2.5, 2.6)	3.2 (3.1, 3.2)	4.8 (4.8, 4.9)	7.1 (7.0, 7.2)	9.9 (9.7, 10.1)
TOTAL	27406	648777						

Note: All procedures using metal/metal prostheses have been excluded

Figure SNU4 Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Type of Femoral Neck (All Diagnoses)



HR - adjusted for age and gender
Exchangeable vs Fixed
Entire Period: HR=1.73 (1.63, 1.84), p<0.001

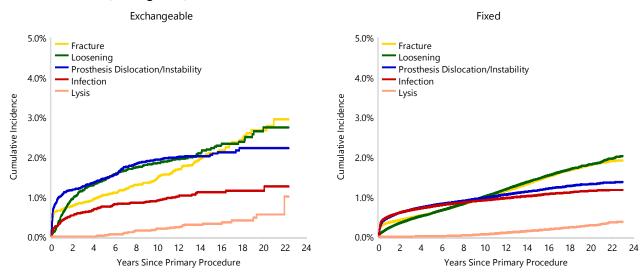
Number at Risk	0 Yr	1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	15 Yrs	20 Yrs
Exchangeable	11545	11052	10482	9841	6572	1813	382
Fixed	637232	570940	467888	373611	176209	62639	14297

Table SNU24 Reason for Revision of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Type of Femoral Neck (All Diagnoses)

		Exchangeable			Fixed	
Revision Diagnosis	Number	% Primaries Revised	% Revisions	Number	% Primaries Revised	% Revisions
Fracture	218	1.9	19.9	5843	0.9	22.2
Loosening	240	2.1	21.9	5800	0.9	22.0
Prosthesis Dislocation/Instability	232	2.0	21.2	5749	0.9	21.9
Infection	120	1.0	11.0	5380	0.8	20.4
Lysis	35	0.3	3.2	522	0.1	2.0
Pain	28	0.2	2.6	455	0.1	1.7
Leg Length Discrepancy	12	0.1	1.1	376	0.1	1.4
Malposition	15	0.1	1.4	366	0.1	1.4
Implant Breakage Stem	35	0.3	3.2	301	0.0	1.1
Wear Acetabular Insert	3	0.0	0.3	233	0.0	0.9
Implant Breakage Acetabular Insert	16	0.1	1.5	204	0.0	0.8
Implant Breakage Acetabular	19	0.2	1.7	147	0.0	0.6
Incorrect Sizing	6	0.1	0.5	138	0.0	0.5
Metal Related Pathology	97	0.8	8.9	129	0.0	0.5
Wear Head	3	0.0	0.3	95	0.0	0.4
Tumour	1	0.0	0.1	63	0.0	0.2
Implant Breakage Head	4	0.0	0.4	59	0.0	0.2
Heterotopic Bone	2	0.0	0.2	38	0.0	0.1
Wear Acetabulum				21	0.0	0.1
Osteonecrosis				2	0.0	0.0
Progression Of Disease				2	0.0	0.0
Synovitis	1	0.0	0.1	2	0.0	0.0
Other	8	0.1	0.7	386	0.1	1.5
N Revision	1095	9.5	100.0	26311	4.1	100.0
N Primary	11545			637232		

Note: All procedures using metal/metal prostheses have been excluded

Figure SNU5 Cumulative Incidence Revision Diagnosis of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Type of Femoral Neck (All Diagnoses)



Note: All procedures using metal/metal prostheses have been excluded

Table SNU25 Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement Using an Exchangeable Femoral Neck (All Diagnoses)

Femoral Neck	N Revised	N Total	1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	15 Yrs	20 Yrs
ABGII	106	244	4.5 (2.5, 8.0)	11.2 (7.8, 15.9)	20.7 (16.1, 26.4)	37.5 (31.5, 44.3)		
Adapter	72	428	3.3 (2.0, 5.5)	7.2 (5.1, 10.1)	10.0 (7.5, 13.4)	17.0 (13.5, 21.2)	20.0 (16.1, 24.8)	
Apex	233	2977	2.8 (2.3, 3.5)	4.1 (3.4, 4.8)	5.1 (4.4, 6.0)	7.6 (6.7, 8.7)	9.8 (8.6, 11.3)	
F2L	90	735	3.4 (2.3, 5.0)	5.5 (4.1, 7.4)	6.8 (5.2, 8.9)	8.6 (6.8, 10.9)	12.1 (9.8, 14.9)	14.5 (11.9, 17.7)
Femoral Neck (Amplitude)	34	607	0.8 (0.3, 2.0)	2.0 (1.1, 3.5)	3.4 (2.2, 5.2)	4.6 (3.2, 6.8)	6.9 (4.8, 9.8)	
M-Cor	16	124	0.0 (0.0, 0.0)	2.5 (0.8, 7.5)	4.2 (1.8, 9.7)	9.8 (5.5, 17.0)	15.1 (9.5, 23.6)	
M/L Taper Kinectiv	170	3234	2.3 (1.9, 2.9)	3.2 (2.7, 3.9)	3.8 (3.2, 4.5)	5.3 (4.5, 6.2)		
MBA	89	719	2.4 (1.5, 3.8)	4.1 (2.9, 5.9)	6.3 (4.7, 8.4)	10.8 (8.6, 13.5)	14.6 (11.7, 18.1)	20.1 (15.4, 26.0)
MSA	25	185	7.1 (4.2, 11.8)	9.3 (5.9, 14.5)	10.4 (6.8, 15.8)	14.0 (9.7, 20.1)		
Margron	120	670	5.6 (4.1, 7.6)	8.3 (6.5, 10.7)	10.2 (8.1, 12.8)	15.4 (12.8, 18.4)	18.0 (15.2, 21.3)	20.3 (17.1, 23.9)
Modula	12	152	5.3 (2.7, 10.3)	8.3 (4.6, 14.7)	8.3 (4.6, 14.7)			
Profemur	82	974	3.1 (2.2, 4.4)	4.8 (3.6, 6.4)	5.6 (4.3, 7.3)	7.7 (6.1, 9.6)	9.7 (7.5, 12.4)	
R120	10	217	0.9 (0.2, 3.6)	1.9 (0.7, 5.0)	1.9 (0.7, 5.0)	5.6 (2.9, 10.6)		
Other (7)	36	279	5.0 (3.0, 8.3)	6.5 (4.1, 10.1)	8.0 (5.4, 11.9)	11.4 (8.1, 15.9)		
TOTAL	1095	11545						

Note: All procedures using metal/metal prostheses have been excluded Only prostheses with >100 procedures have been listed

Knee Replacement

Partial Resurfacing

Partial resurfacing is a subcategory of partial knee replacement. It involves the use of one or more button prostheses to replace part of the natural articulating surface on one or more sides of the joint, in one or more articular compartments of the knee.

The Registry has recorded 246 partial resurfacing knee procedures and 119 of these have been revised (Table SNU26). The last recorded procedure was recorded in 2022.

Osteoarthritis was the principal diagnosis (91.5%) (Table SNU27). The majority of procedures were undertaken in males (50.8%) (Table SNU28).

The cumulative percent revision is 6.1% at 1 year and 52.6% at 15 years (Table SNU29 and Figure SNU6).

The most common reason for revision is progression of disease (67.2%), followed by loosening (8.4%) and pain (6.7%) (Table SNU30). Most (67.2%) were revised to a total knee replacement (Table SNU31).

Table SNU26 Number of Revisions of Primary Partial
Resurfacing Knee Replacement by Year of
Implant

Year of Implant	Number Revised	Total Number
2004	1	1
2005	9	15
2006	25	42
2007	17	35
2008	17	31
2009	15	25
2010	2	9
2011	5	8
2012	5	11
2013	8	25
2014	10	21
2015	2	10
2016	1	5
2017	1	4
2018	1	3
2022	0	1
TOTAL	119	246

Table SNU27 Primary Partial Resurfacing Knee Replacement by Primary Diagnosis

Primary Diagnosis	Number	Percent
Osteoarthritis	225	91.5
Osteonecrosis	11	4.5
Osteochondritis Dissecans	4	1.6
Other Inflammatory Arthritis	2	0.8
Chondrocalcinosis	1	0.4
Other	3	1.2
TOTAL	246	100.0

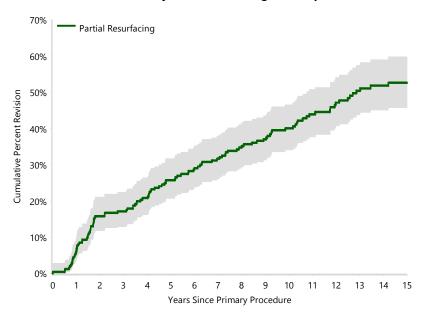
Table SNU28 Age and Gender of Primary Partial Resurfacing Knee Replacement

Gender	Number	Percent	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Mean	Std Dev
Male	125	50.8%	17	85	49	48.9	14.4
Female	121	49.2%	30	88	51	51.3	11.7
TOTAL	246	100.0%	17	88	50	50.1	13.2

Table SNU29 Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Partial Resurfacing Knee Replacement

Class	N Revised	N Total	1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	15 Yrs	20 Yrs
Partial Resurfacing	119	246	6.1 (3.7, 9.9)	17.1 (12.9, 22.4)	25.7 (20.7, 31.7)	40.0 (34.0, 46.6)	52.6 (45.8, 59.8)	
TOTAL	119	246						

Figure SNU6 Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Partial Resurfacing Knee Replacement



Number at Risk	0 Yr	1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	10 Yrs	15 Yrs	20 Yrs
Partial Resurfacing	246	231	202	180	114	52	0

Table SNU30 Primary Partial Resurfacing Knee Replacement by Reason for Revision

Reason for Revision	Partial R	esurfacing
Reason for Revision	N	Col%
Progression Of Disease	80	67.2
Loosening	10	8.4
Pain	8	6.7
Patella Maltracking	3	2.5
Infection	2	1.7
Implant Breakage Patella	2	1.7
Patellofemoral Pain	2	1.7
Malalignment	2	1.7
Incorrect Sizing	1	0.8
Metal Related Pathology	1	0.8
Wear Tibial	1	0.8
Osteonecrosis	1	0.8
Wear Patella	1	0.8
Prosthesis Dislocation	1	0.8
Lysis	1	0.8
Patella Erosion	1	0.8
Other	2	1.7
TOTAL	119	100.0

Table SNU31 Primary Partial Resurfacing Knee Replacement by Type of Revision

Type of Revision	Partial Resurfacing			
Type of Revision	N	Col%		
TKR (Tibial/Femoral)	80	67.2		
UKR (Uni Tibial/Uni Femoral)	22	18.5		
Patella Only	5	4.2		
Patella/Trochlear Resurfacing	4	3.4		
Partial Resurfacing	4	3.4		
Removal of Prostheses	3	2.5		
Cement Spacer	1	0.8		
TOTAL	119	100.0		

Unispacer

Unispacer knee replacement involves the use of a medial or lateral femorotibial compartment articular spacer.

There have been 40 unispacer procedures reported to the Registry. The last recorded procedure was in 2005 (Table SNU32).

Osteoarthritis was the sole diagnosis reported for all unispacer procedures (Table SNU33). The mean age of patients was 54.7 years, with the majority of patients being male (52.5%) (Table SNU34).

Two types of unispacer prostheses have been used: UniSpacer (Zimmer) (n=31) and

Table SNU32 Number of Revisions of Primary Unispacer
Knee Replacement by Year of Implant

Year of Implant	Number Revised	Total Number
2003	12	13
2004	24	26
2005	1	1
TOTAL	37	40

InterCushion (Advance Biosurfaces Inc) (n=9). All InterCushion prostheses were revised within 1.5 years. The 14 year cumulative percent revision of the Zimmer UniSpacer prosthesis is 74.2% (Table SNU35 and Figure SNU7).

The main reason for revision was progression of disease (27.0%), followed by pain and loosening (Table SNU36).

Most unispacer procedures were revised to a unicompartmental knee replacement (54.1%) or a total knee replacement (35.1%). The remainder of the revisions involved a further unispacer replacement (0).

Table SNU33 Primary Unispacer Knee Replacement by Primary Diagnosis

Primary Diagnosis	Number	Percent
Osteoarthritis	40	100.0
TOTAL	40	100.0

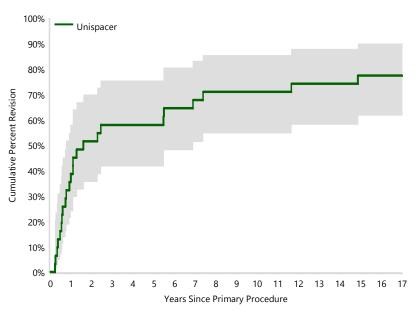
Table SNU34 Age and Gender of Primary Unispacer Knee Replacement

Gender	Number	Percent	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Mean	Std Dev
Male	21	52.5%	41	75	55	55.2	9.2
Female	19	47.5%	40	69	56	54.1	8.4
TOTAL	40	100.0%	40	75	55	54.7	8.7

Table SNU35 Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Unispacer Knee Replacement by Prosthesis Type

Unispacer	N Revised	N Total	1 Yr	2 Yrs	6 Yrs	11 Yrs	14 Yrs	17 Yrs
InterCushion	9	9	55.6 (28.1, 86.4)					
Unispacer	28	31	38.7 (24.2, 58.0)	51.6 (35.6, 69.8)	64.5 (48.1, 80.6)	71.0 (54.7, 85.5)	74.2 (58.2, 87.8)	77.4 (61.7, 90.0)
TOTAL	37	40						

Figure SNU7 Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Unispacer Knee Replacement



Number at Risk	0 Yr	1 Yr	2 Yrs	6 Yrs	11 Yrs	14 Yrs	17 Yrs
Unispacer	31	19	15	11	9	8	6

Table SNU36 Primary Unispacer Knee Replacement by Reason for Revision

Reason for Revision	Unispacer				
Reason for Revision	N	Col%			
Progression Of Disease	10	27.0			
Pain	7	18.9			
Loosening	6	16.2			
Synovitis	4	10.8			
Implant Breakage Tibial	3	8.1			
Prosthesis Dislocation	2	5.4			
Osteonecrosis	1	2.7			
Incorrect Sizing	1	2.7			
Infection	1	2.7			
Malalignment	1	2.7			
Wear Tibial	1	2.7			
TOTAL	37	100.0			

Table SNU37 Primary Unispacer Knee Replacement by Type of Revision

Type of Davision	Unispacer			
Type of Revision	N	Col%		
UKR (Uni Tibial/Uni Femoral)	20	54.1		
TKR (Tibial/Femoral)	13	35.1		
Unispacer	4	10.8		
TOTAL	37	100.0		

Bicompartmental

Bicompartmental knee replacement involves the replacement of the medial femoral and trochlear articular surfaces of the knee with a single femoral prosthesis, as well as the medial tibial articular surface with a unicompartmental tibial prosthesis. It may also include the use of a patellar prosthesis.

The Registry has recorded 165 bicompartmental procedures. There have been no further procedures recorded since July 2012 (0).

The principal diagnosis for bicompartmental knee replacement was osteoarthritis (97.0%) (Table SNU39). It was used more frequently in females (60.6%) and the mean age of patients was 64.3 years (Table SNU40).

The bicompartmental knee replacement is a single company product. One femoral

Table SNU38 Number of Revisions of Primary
Bicompartmental Knee Replacement by
Year of Implant

Year of Implant	Number Revised	Total Number
2006	2	4
2007	11	38
2008	5	50
2009	7	35
2010	4	24
2011	4	10
2012	2	4
TOTAL	35	165

component, the Journey Deuce, has been combined with two main tibial components, the Journey Uni All Poly (32.1%) and the Journey Uni (v1) (65.4%). The majority of primary bicompartmental procedures included resurfacing the patella (84.2%) (Table SNU41). The cumulative percent revision of bicompartmental knee replacement is 6.1% at 1 year and 20.5% at 13 years (Table SNU42 and Figure SNU8).

The main reasons for revision were patellofemoral pain and loosening (both 17.1%) (Table SNU43). Of the 35 revisions, 20 were revised to a total knee replacement and 11 involved the addition of a patellar prosthesis (one was combined with a unicompartmental tibial insert) (Table SNU44).

Table SNU39 Primary Bicompartmental Knee Replacement by Primary Diagnosis

Primary Diagnosis	Number	Percent
Osteoarthritis	160	97.0
Osteonecrosis	3	1.8
Other Inflammatory Arthritis	1	0.6
Rheumatoid Arthritis	1	0.6
TOTAL	165	100.0

Table SNU40 Age and Gender of Primary Bicompartmental Knee Replacement

Gender	Number	Percent	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Mean	Std Dev
Male	65	39.4%	45	86	62	65.1	9.9
Female	100	60.6%	46	84	61	63.8	10.6
TOTAL	165	100.0%	45	86	62	64.3	10.3

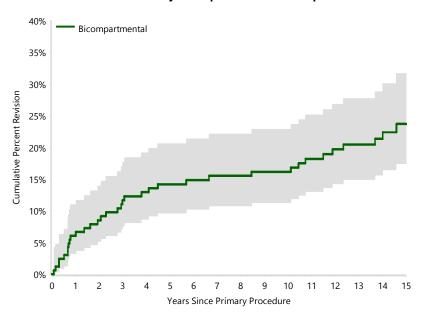
Table SNU41 Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Bicompartmental Knee Replacement by Prosthesis Combination

Femoral	Tibial	N Revised	N Total	1 Yr	2 Yrs	3 Yrs	6 Yrs	10 Yrs	13 Yrs
Journey Deuce	Generic Uni Knee Tibial	1	1						
	Journey Uni (v1)	19	108	7.4 (3.8, 14.3)	9.3 (5.1, 16.6)	10.3 (5.8, 17.8)	12.2 (7.3, 20.2)	12.2 (7.3, 20.2)	15.5 (9.8, 24.1)
	Journey Uni (v2)	2	3	0.0 (0.0, 0.0)	0.0 (0.0, 0.0)	0.0 (0.0, 0.0)	33.3 (5.5, 94.6)	33.3 (5.5, 94.6)	
	Journey Uni All Poly	13	53	3.8 (1.0, 14.3)	7.5 (2.9, 18.9)	13.3 (6.6, 25.9)	17.2 (9.3, 30.4)	21.1 (12.3, 34.9)	25.9 (15.9, 40.6)
TOTAL		35	165						

Table SNU42 Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Bicompartmental Knee Replacement

Class	N Revised	N I Total	1 Yr	2 Yrs	3 Yrs	6 Yrs	10 Yrs	13 Yrs
Bicompartmental	35	165	6.1 (3.3, 11.0)	8.5 (5.1, 14.0)	11.7 (7.6, 17.7)	14.9 (10.2, 21.3)	16.2 (11.3, 22.9)	20.5 (14.9, 27.7)
TOTAL	35	165						

Figure SNU8 Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Bicompartmental Knee Replacement



Number at Risk	0 Yr	1 Yr	2 Yrs	3 Yrs	6 Yrs	10 Yrs	13 Yrs
Bicompartmental	165	155	147	140	131	124	96

Table SNU43 Primary Bicompartmental Knee Replacement by Reason for Revision

Reason for Revision	Bicom	partmental
Reason for Revision	N	Col%
Patellofemoral Pain	6	17.1
Loosening	6	17.1
Pain	5	14.3
Progression Of Disease	5	14.3
Infection	4	11.4
Patella Erosion	2	5.7
Fracture	2	5.7
Implant Breakage Patella	1	2.9
Patella Maltracking	1	2.9
Osteonecrosis	1	2.9
Wear Tibial Insert	1	2.9
Instability	1	2.9
TOTAL	35	100.0

Table SNU44 Primary Bicompartmental Knee Replacement by Type of Revision

Type of Davision	Bicomp	partmental
Type of Revision	N	Col%
TKR (Tibial/Femoral)	20	57.1
Patella Only	10	28.6
Cement Spacer	2	5.7
Uni Insert Only	1	2.9
Uni Tibial Component	1	2.9
Uni Insert/Patella	1	2.9
TOTAL	35	100.0

Shoulder Replacement

Total Resurfacing Anatomic

Total resurfacing anatomic is a subcategory of primary total shoulder replacement. It involves glenoid replacement and the use of a humeral prosthesis that replaces the humeral articular surface without resecting the head.

There are 235 total resurfacing anatomic shoulder replacements. There have been no further procedures since 2020 (Table SNU45).

The majority of procedures were undertaken in males and the mean age for males is younger than for females (Table SNU47).

Table SNU45 Number of Revisions of Primary Total
Resurfacing Anatomic Shoulder
Replacement by Year of Implant

Year of Implant	Number Revised	Total Number
2005	1	1
2006	2	4
2007	2	8
2008	2	12
2009	1	11
2010	5	14
2011	5	34
2012	1	37
2013	3	36
2014	2	24
2015	1	19
2016	0	11
2017	0	10
2018	0	9
2019	1	4
2020	0	1
TOTAL	26	235

Osteoarthritis was the most common primary diagnosis (Table SNU46).

The most common reason for revision is loosening (Table SNU49). The most common type of revision is to a total shoulder replacement (Table SNU50).

Table SNU46 Primary Total Resurfacing Anatomic Shoulder Replacement by Primary Diagnosis

Primary Diagnosis	Number	Percent
Osteoarthritis	226	96.2
Rheumatoid Arthritis	3	1.3
Fracture	2	0.9
Other Inflammatory Arthritis	1	0.4
Instability	1	0.4
Rotator Cuff Arthropathy	1	0.4
Osteonecrosis	1	0.4
TOTAL	235	100.0

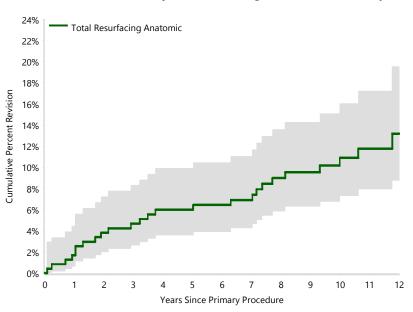
Table SNU47 Age and Gender of Primary Total Resurfacing Anatomic Shoulder Replacement

Gender	Number	Percent	Minimum	Maximum	Median	Mean	Std Dev
Male	140	59.6%	35	83	63	62.2	9.8
Female	95	40.4%	46	86	67	67.0	6.7
TOTAL	235	100.0%	35	86	65	64.1	9.0

Table SNU48 Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Resurfacing Anatomic Shoulder Replacement

Class	N Revised	N Total	1 Yr	2 Yrs	3 Yrs	6 Yrs	10 Yrs	14 Yrs
Total Resurfacing Anatomic	26	235	1.7 (0.6, 4.5)	3.8 (2.0, 7.2)	4.7 (2.6, 8.3)	6.4 (3.9, 10.5)	10.9 (7.3, 16.1)	
TOTAL	26	235						

Figure SNU9 Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Resurfacing Anatomic Shoulder Replacement



Number at Risk	0 Yr	1 Yr	2 Yrs	3 Yrs	6 Yrs	10 Yrs	14 Yrs
Total Resurfacing Anatomic	235	231	226	221	197	122	21

Table SNU49 Primary Total Resurfacing Anatomic Shoulder Replacement by Reason for Revision

Reason for Revision	Total Resurfacing Anatomic			
	N	Col%		
Loosening	11	42.3		
Instability/Dislocation	3	11.5		
Implant Breakage Glenoid Insert	3	11.5		
Rotator Cuff Insufficiency	3	11.5		
Infection	2	7.7		
Wear Glenoid Insert	1	3.8		
Fracture	1	3.8		
Lysis	1	3.8		
Implant Breakage Glenoid	1	3.8		
TOTAL	26	100.0		

Table SNU50 Primary Total Resurfacing Anatomic Shoulder Replacement by Type of Revision

Time of Dovision	Total Resurfa	cing Anatomic
Type of Revision	N	Col%
Humeral/Glenoid	14	53.8
Humeral Component	7	26.9
Insert Only	2	7.7
Cement Spacer	1	3.8
Head Only	1	3.8
Reoperation	1	3.8
TOTAL	26	100.0

Note: Humeral heads are replaced when the humeral component is revised

List of Tables

Table SNU1	Number of Revisions of Primary Partial Resurfacing Hip Replacement by Year of Implant	3
Table SNU2	Primary Partial Resurfacing Hip Replacement by Primary Diagnosis	3
Table SNU3	Age and Gender of Primary Partial Resurfacing Hip Replacement	3
Table SNU4	Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Partial Resurfacing Hip Replacement	
Table SNU5	Primary Partial Resurfacing Hip Replacement by Reason for Revision	
Table SNU6	Primary Partial Resurfacing Hip Replacement by Type of Revision	
Table SNU7	Number of Revisions of Primary Thrust Plate Hip Replacement by Year of Implant	
Table SNU8	Primary Thrust Plate Hip Replacement by Primary Diagnosis	
Table SNU9	Age and Gender of Primary Thrust Plate Hip Replacement	
Table SNU10	Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Thrust Plate Hip Replacement	
Table SNU11	Primary Thrust Plate Hip Replacement by Reason for Revision	
Table SNU12	Primary Thrust Plate Hip Replacement by Type of Revision	
Table SNU13	Cumulative Percent Revision of Ceramic/Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement (All Diagnoses)	
Table SNU14	Number of Revisions of Ceramic/Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Year of Implant	
Table SNU15	Ceramic/Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Primary Diagnosis	
Table SNU16	Ceramic/Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Revision Diagnosis	
Table SNU17	Ceramic/Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Type of Revision	
Table SNU18	Cumulative Percent Revision of Metal/Ceramic Primary Conventional THR (Primary Diagnosis OA)	
Table SNU19	Number of Revisions of Metal/Ceramic Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Year of Implant	
Table SNU20	Metal/Ceramic Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Primary Diagnosis	
Table SNU21	Exchangeable Necks Used in Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Primary Diagnosis Diagnosis	
Table SNU22	Number of Revisions of Exchangeable Necks in Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Year of Implant	
Table SNU23	Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Conventional THR by Type of Femoral Neck (All Diagnoses)	
Table SNU24	Reason for Revision of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Type of Femoral Neck (All Diagnoses)	
Table SNU25	Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Conventional THR Using an Exchangeable Femoral Neck (All Diagnoses)	
Table SNU26	Number of Revisions of Primary Partial Resurfacing Knee Replacement by Year of Implant	
Table SNU27	Primary Partial Resurfacing Knee Replacement by Primary Diagnosis	
Table SNU28	Age and Gender of Primary Partial Resurfacing Knee Replacement	
Table SNU29	Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Partial Resurfacing Knee Replacement	
Table SNU30	Primary Partial Resurfacing Knee Replacement by Reason for Revision	15
Table SNU31	Primary Partial Resurfacing Knee Replacement by Type of Revision	
Table SNU32	Number of Revisions of Primary Unispacer Knee Replacement by Year of Implant	
Table SNU33	Primary Unispacer Knee Replacement by Primary Diagnosis	
Table SNU34	Age and Gender of Primary Unispacer Knee Replacement	
Table SNU35	Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Unispacer Knee Replacement by Prosthesis Type	
Table SNU36	Primary Unispacer Knee Replacement by Reason for Revision	17
Table SNU37	Primary Unispacer Knee Replacement by Type of Revision	
Table SNU38	Number of Revisions of Primary Bicompartmental Knee Replacement by Year of Implant	
Table SNU39	Primary Bicompartmental Knee Replacement by Primary Diagnosis	18
Table SNU40	Age and Gender of Primary Bicompartmental Knee Replacement	18
Table SNU41	Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Bicompartmental Knee Replacement by Prosthesis Combination	19
Table SNU42	Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Bicompartmental Knee Replacement	19
Table SNU43	Primary Bicompartmental Knee Replacement by Reason for Revision	20
Table SNU44	Primary Bicompartmental Knee Replacement by Type of Revision	20
Table SNU45	Number of Revisions of Primary Total Resurfacing Anatomic Shoulder Replacement by Year of Implant	21
Table SNU46	Primary Total Resurfacing Anatomic Shoulder Replacement by Primary Diagnosis	21
Table SNU47	Age and Gender of Primary Total Resurfacing Anatomic Shoulder Replacement	21
Table SNU48	Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Resurfacing Anatomic Shoulder Replacement	
Table SNU49	Primary Total Resurfacing Anatomic Shoulder Replacement by Reason for Revision	
Table SNU50	Primary Total Resurfacing Anatomic Shoulder Replacement by Type of Revision	22

List of Figures

Figure SNU1	Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Partial Resurfacing Hip Replacement	4
Figure SNU2	Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Thrust Plate Hip Replacement	6
Figure SNU3	Cumulative Percent Revision of Ceramic/Metal Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement (All Diagnoses)	7
Figure SNU4	CPR of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Type of Femoral Neck (All Diagnoses)	. 11
Figure SNU5	Cumulative Incidence Revision Diagnosis of Primary Conventional THR by Type of Femoral Neck (All Diagnoses)	. 12
Figure SNU6	Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Partial Resurfacing Knee Replacement	. 15
Figure SNU7	Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Unispacer Knee Replacement	. 17
Figure SNU8	Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Bicompartmental Knee Replacement	. 19
Figure SNU9	Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Resurfacing Anatomic Shoulder Replacement	. 22



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