

Advance/Advance Unicompartmental Knee Investigation

Note: This analysis compares the Advance/Advance femoral/tibial combination with all other unicompartmental knee prostheses.

This combination has been identified as having a significantly higher rate of revision. For a detailed explanation of the process used by the Registry that results in identification of prostheses that have a higher than anticipated rate of revision please refer to the Prostheses with Higher than Anticipated Rates of Revision chapter of the most recent AOANJRR Annual Report, <https://aoanjrr.sahmri.com/annual-reports-2023>.

Note: Procedures using prostheses with no recorded use in 2022 are excluded from the comparator.

TABLE 1

Revision Rate of Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement

The revision rate of the Advance/Advance unicompartmental knee combination is compared to all other unicompartmental knee prostheses.

Table 1: Revision Rates of Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement

Component	N Revised	N Total	Obs. Years	Revisions/100 Obs. Yrs (95% CI)
Advance/Advance	16	37	339	4.72 (2.70, 7.66)
Other Unicompartmental Knee	4860	48950	350591	1.39 (1.35, 1.43)
TOTAL	4876	48987	350930	1.39 (1.35, 1.43)

Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2022 are excluded from the comparator.

TABLE 2

Yearly Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement

The yearly cumulative percent revision of the Advance/Advance unicompartmental knee combination is compared to all other unicompartmental knee prostheses.

Table 2: Yearly Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement

CPR	1 Yr	2 Yrs	3 Yrs	4 Yrs	5 Yrs	6 Yrs	7 Yrs	8 Yrs
Advance/Advance	10.8 (4.2, 26.3)	18.9 (9.5, 35.6)	27.0 (15.6, 44.4)	27.0 (15.6, 44.4)	35.8 (22.5, 53.6)	38.7 (25.0, 56.5)	38.7 (25.0, 56.5)	41.6 (27.5, 59.4)
Other Unicompartmental Knee	1.9 (1.8, 2.1)	3.5 (3.3, 3.7)	4.5 (4.4, 4.7)	5.5 (5.3, 5.7)	6.3 (6.1, 6.6)	7.2 (7.0, 7.5)	8.3 (8.0, 8.6)	9.4 (9.0, 9.7)

CPR	9 Yrs	10 Yrs	11 Yrs	12 Yrs	13 Yrs	14 Yrs	15 Yrs
Advance/Advance	41.6 (27.5, 59.4)	41.6 (27.5, 59.4)	41.6 (27.5, 59.4)	41.6 (27.5, 59.4)	41.6 (27.5, 59.4)	45.8 (30.7, 64.0)	45.8 (30.7, 64.0)
Other Unicompartmental Knee	10.6 (10.2, 10.9)	11.7 (11.3, 12.1)	13.1 (12.7, 13.5)	14.4 (14.0, 14.9)	15.8 (15.3, 16.3)	17.4 (16.9, 18.0)	18.8 (18.2, 19.4)

CPR	16 Yrs	17 Yrs	18 Yrs	19 Yrs	20 Yrs	21 Yrs	22 Yrs
Advance/Advance	45.8 (30.7, 64.0)	45.8 (30.7, 64.0)					
Other Unicompartmental Knee	20.4 (19.7, 21.1)	22.1 (21.4, 22.9)	24.0 (23.2, 24.9)	25.7 (24.7, 26.7)	27.8 (26.6, 29.0)	29.7 (28.3, 31.2)	30.4 (28.7, 32.3)

Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2022 are excluded from the comparator.

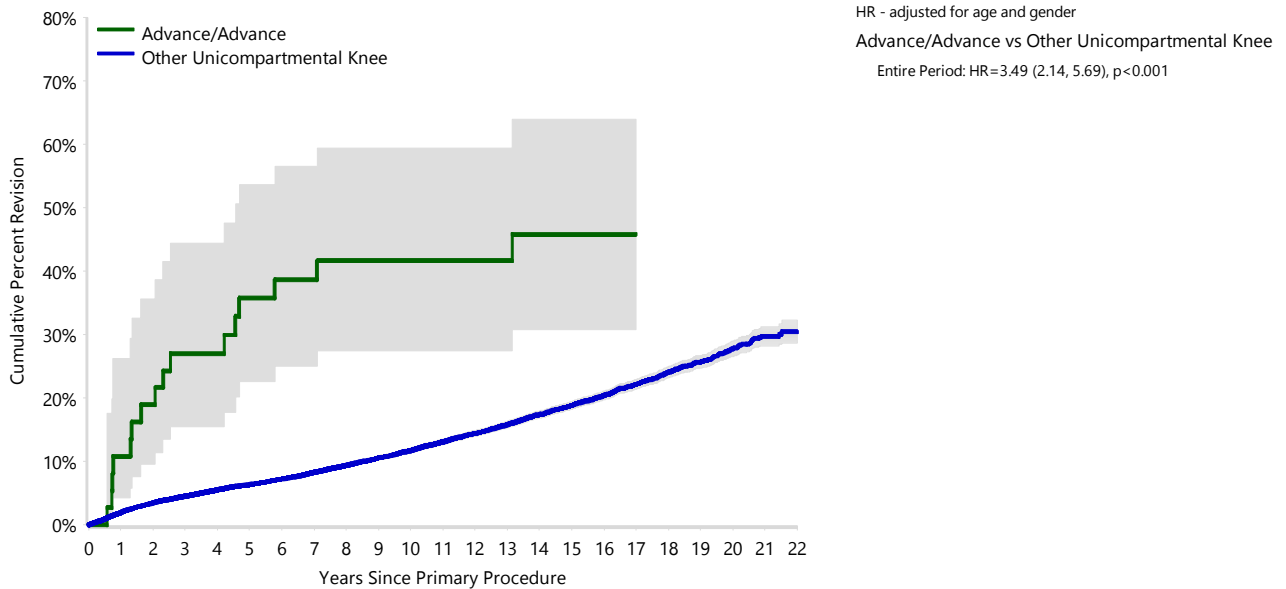
FIGURE 1

Yearly Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement

The yearly cumulative percent revision of the Advance/Advance unicompartmental knee combination is compared to all other unicompartmental knee prostheses. In addition, hazard ratios are reported.

Hazard ratios are reported for specific time periods during which the hazard ratio is constant. This is done to enable more specific and valid comparisons of the risk of revision over time. The pattern of variation in risk has important implications with respect to the underlying reasons for any difference.

Figure 1: Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement



Number at Risk	0 Yr	1 Yr	2 Yrs	3 Yrs	4 Yrs	5 Yrs	6 Yrs	7 Yrs	8 Yrs	9 Yrs	10 Yrs	11 Yrs
Advance/Advance	37	33	30	27	25	22	21	21	20	17	16	16
Other Unicompartmental Knee	48950	44516	40112	35992	31823	27703	23844	20641	18032	15724	13691	11855

Number at Risk	12 Yrs	13 Yrs	14 Yrs	15 Yrs	16 Yrs	17 Yrs	18 Yrs	19 Yrs	20 Yrs	21 Yrs	22 Yrs
Advance/Advance	14	14	12	11	10	7	3	2	0	0	0
Other Unicompartmental Knee	10031	8297	6758	5393	4149	3116	2243	1555	920	393	88

Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2022 are excluded from the comparator.

TABLE 3**Primary Diagnosis for Revised Primary Unicompartamental Knee Replacement**

This table identifies the diagnosis of the primary procedure which was subsequently revised. This information is provided as there is a variation on outcome depending on the primary diagnosis. It is therefore important when considering the reasons for a higher than anticipated rate of revision that there is identification of the primary diagnosis. This information should be compared to the primary diagnosis for the revisions of all other unicompartamental knee prostheses.

Table 3: Primary Diagnosis for Revised Primary Unicompartamental Knee Replacement

Primary Diagnosis	Advance/Advance		Other Unicompartamental Knee	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Osteoarthritis	16	100.0	4813	99.0
Osteonecrosis			27	0.6
Rheumatoid Arthritis			12	0.2
Other Inflammatory Arthritis			6	0.1
Fracture			1	0.0
Tumour			1	0.0
TOTAL	16	100.0	4860	100.0

Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2022 are excluded from the comparator.

TABLE 4

Reasons for Revision

This is reported in two ways: a percentage of primary procedures revised and as a percentage of all revision procedures.

% Primaries Revised: This shows the proportional contribution of each revision diagnosis as a percentage of the total number of primary procedures. This percentage can be used to approximate the risk of being revised for that diagnosis. Differing percentages between groups, with the same distribution of follow up time, may identify problems of concern.

% Revisions: The number of revisions for each diagnosis is expressed as a percentage of the total number of revisions. This shows the distribution of reasons for revision within a group but cannot be used as a comparison between groups.

Table 4: Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement - Reason for Revision (Follow-up Limited to 19.5 Years)

Revision Diagnosis	Advance/Advance			Other Unicompartmental Knee		
	Number	% Primaries Revised	% Revisions	Number	% Primaries Revised	% Revisions
Progression Of Disease	2	5.4	12.5	1767	3.6	36.6
Loosening	12	32.4	75.0	1543	3.2	32.0
Pain				362	0.7	7.5
Infection	1	2.7	6.3	256	0.5	5.3
Bearing Dislocation				180	0.4	3.7
Fracture				141	0.3	2.9
Instability				89	0.2	1.8
Lysis				87	0.2	1.8
Wear Tibial Insert				71	0.1	1.5
Malalignment				60	0.1	1.2
Implant Breakage Tibial Insert				43	0.1	0.9
Patellofemoral Pain				31	0.1	0.6
Incorrect Sizing				28	0.1	0.6
Prosthesis Dislocation				28	0.1	0.6
Implant Breakage Tibial	1	2.7	6.3	26	0.1	0.5
Osteonecrosis				15	0.0	0.3
Wear Tibial				15	0.0	0.3
Metal Related Pathology				13	0.0	0.3
Synovitis				10	0.0	0.2
Arthrofibrosis				9	0.0	0.2
Implant Breakage Femoral				5	0.0	0.1
Wear Femoral				4	0.0	0.1
Patella Erosion				3	0.0	0.1
Other				37	0.1	0.8
N Revision	16	43.2	100.0	4823	9.9	100.0
N Primary	37			48950		

Note: This table is restricted to revisions within 19.5 years for all groups to allow a time-matched comparison of revisions.

Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2022 are excluded from the comparator.

FIGURE 2

Cumulative Incidence Revision Diagnosis of Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement

This figure details the cumulative incidence of the most common reasons for revision. The five most common reasons for revision are included as long as each of these reasons account for more than 10 procedures or at least 5% of all revisions for the Advance/Advance unicompartmental knee combination. A comparative graph is provided of the cumulative incidence for the same reasons for revisions for all other unicompartmental knee prostheses.

Figure 2: Cumulative Incidence Revision Diagnosis for Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement

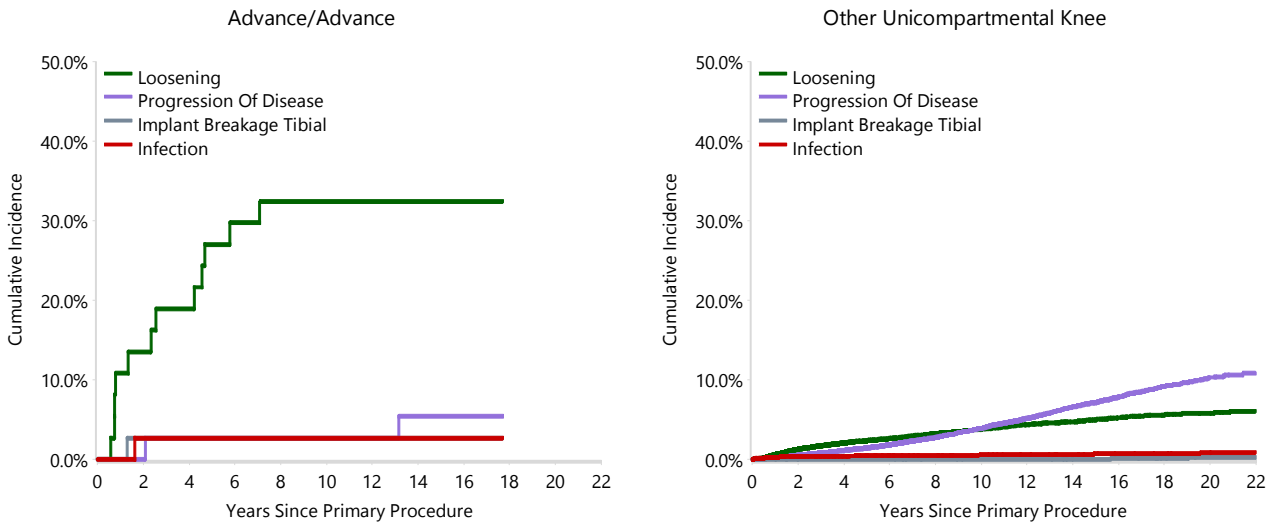


TABLE 5

Type of Revision Performed for Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement

This analysis identifies the components used in the revision of the Advance/Advance unicompartmental knee combination and compares it to the components used in the revision of all other unicompartmental knee prostheses.

The reason this analysis is undertaken is to identify whether there is one or more components which are being replaced that differ from the components replaced for revisions of all other unicompartmental knee prostheses i.e. is there a difference in the type of revision undertaken for the Advance/Advance unicompartmental knee combination compared to all other unicompartmental knee prostheses.

Table 5: Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement - Type of Revision (Follow-up Limited to 19.5 Years)

Type of Revision	Advance/Advance		Other Unicompartmental Knee	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TKR (Tibial/Femoral)	14	87.5	4068	84.3
Uni Tibial Component			99	2.1
Uni Femoral Component	1	6.3	51	1.1
Cement Spacer			39	0.8
UKR (Uni Tibial/Uni Femoral)	1	6.3	35	0.7
Patella/Trochlear Resurfacing			17	0.4
Removal of Prostheses			5	0.1
Femoral Component			4	0.1
Reinsertion of Components			4	0.1
Tibial Component			2	0.0
N Major	16	100.0	4324	89.7
Uni Insert Only			498	10.3
Patella Only			1	0.0
N Minor			499	10.3
TOTAL	16	100.0	4823	100.0

Note: This table is restricted to revisions within 19.5 years for all groups to allow a time-matched comparison of revisions.

Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2022 are excluded from the comparator.

TABLE 6**Revision Rates of Advance/Advance Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement by Fixation**

This analysis is provided as some prostheses have more than one fixation option. Additionally there are prostheses where an alternative to the recommended approach to fixation was used e.g. a cementless prosthesis that has been cemented or vice-versa.

Table 6: Revised Number of Advance/Advance Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement by Fixation

Fixation	N Revised	N Total
Cemented	16	37
TOTAL	16	37

TABLE 7

Revision Rates of Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement by State

This enables a state by state variation to be identified for the Advance/Advance unicompartmental knee combination and provides the comparative data for each of the states for all other unicompartmental knee prostheses.

The purpose of this analysis is to determine if the higher than anticipated rate of revision has widespread distribution between states. If there is widespread distribution then the reason for the higher than anticipated rate of revision is unlikely to be surgeon specific. If the prosthesis has been used in only a small number of states it is not possible to distinguish if the higher than anticipated rate of revision is related to the prosthesis, surgeon, technique or patient.

Table 7: Revised Number of Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement by State

Component	State	N Revised	N Total
Advance/Advance	NSW	9	21
	VIC	2	2
	QLD	1	1
	WA	4	13
Other Unicompartmental Knee	NSW	1478	12842
	VIC	921	10727
	QLD	856	9759
	WA	580	7520
	SA	671	5120
	TAS	181	1899
	ACT/NT	173	1083
TOTAL		4876	48987

Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2022 are excluded from the comparator.

TABLE 8**Number of Revisions of Advance/Advance Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement by Year of Implant**

This analysis details the number of prostheses reported each year to the Registry for the Advance/Advance unicompartmental knee combination. It also provides the subsequent number of revisions of the primaries reported in that year.

Primary procedures performed in later years have had less follow up time therefore the number revised is expected to be less than the number revised in earlier years. For example, a primary procedure performed in 2022 has a maximum of one year to be revised, whereas a primary procedure performed in 2020 has a maximum of three years to be revised.

Table 8: Number of Revisions of Advance/Advance Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement by Year of Implant

Year of Implant	Number Revised	Total Number
2003	4	12
2004	8	12
2005	1	7
2006	2	2
2007	1	3
2008	0	1
TOTAL	16	37

TABLE 9

Revision Rates of Advance/Advance Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement by Catalogue Number Range

Many prostheses have a number of catalogue ranges. The catalogue range is specific to particular design features; more than one catalogue range usually indicates a minor difference in design in a particular Advance/Advance prosthesis.

This analysis has been undertaken to determine if the revision rate varies according to the catalogue number range.

Model	Catalogue Range	Catalogue Description	Cement Mobility		Material
Femoral					
Advance	KFNPUN1L-KFNPUN4R	COCR NONPOROUS UNI FEMORAL COMPONENT	YES		
Tibial					
Advance	KTAPU110-KTAPU410	ALL-POLY UNI TIBIAL COMPONENT	YES	FIXED	NON CROSS-LINKED POLYETHYLENE
Advance	KTAPUN17-KTAPUN49	ALL-POLY UNI TIBIAL COMPONENT	YES	FIXED	NON CROSS-LINKED POLYETHYLENE

Table 9: Revised Number of Advance/Advance Primary Unicompartmental Knee Replacement by Catalogue Number Range

Femoral Range	Tibial Range	N Revised	N Total
KFNPUN1L-KFNPUN4R	KTAPU110-KTAPU410	1	2
	KTAPUN17-KTAPUN49	15	35
TOTAL		16	37