M-Cor/Equator+ Cup Total Conventional Hip Investigation

Note: This analysis compares the M-Cor/Equator+ Cup femoral stem/acetabular combination with all other total conventional hip prostheses.

This combination has been identified as having a significantly higher rate of revision. For a detailed explanation of the process used by the Registry that results in identification of prostheses that have a higher than anticipated rate of revision please refer to the Prostheses with Higher than Anticipated Rates of Revision chapter of the most recent AOANJRR Annual Report, https://aoanjrr.sahmri.com/annual-reports-2023.

Note: Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using prostheses with no recorded use in 2022 are excluded from the comparator.

TABLE 1

Revision Rate of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

The revision rate of the M-Cor/Equator+ Cup total conventional hip combination is compared to all other total conventional hip prostheses.

Table 1: Revision Rates of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

Component	N Revised	N Total	Obs. Years	Revisions/100 Obs. Yrs (95% Cl)
M-Cor/Equator+ Cup	11	77	897	1.23 (0.61, 2.19)
Other Total Conventional Hip	17452	494145	3081462	0.57 (0.56, 0.57)
TOTAL	17463	494222	3082359	0.57 (0.56, 0.58)

Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2022 are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator.

Yearly Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

The yearly cumulative percent revision of the M-Cor/Equator+ Cup total conventional hip combination is compared to all other total conventional hip prostheses.

CPR	1 Yr	2 Yrs	3 Yrs	4 Yrs	5 Yrs	6 Yrs	7 Yrs	8 Yrs
M-Cor/Equator+ Cup	0.0 (0.0, 0.0)	1.4 (0.2, 9.2)	2.7 (0.7, 10.4)	2.7 (0.7, 10.4)	4.1 (1.3, 12.1)	5.5 (2.1, 14.0)		• •
Other Total Conventional Hip	1.7 (1.7, 1.8)	2.2 (2.1, 2.2)	2.5 (2.5, 2.6)	2.8 (2.7, 2.8)	3.1 (3.0, 3.1)	3.4 (3.3) 3.4)		• •
CPR	9 Yrs	10 Yrs	11 Yrs	12 Yrs	13 `	Yrs	14 Yrs	15 Yrs
M-Cor/Equator+ Cup	8.5 (3.9, 18.0)	11.6 (6.0, 21.9)	13.3 (7.1 24.2		(7.1, 15 4.2)	.1 (8.4, 26.4)	16.9 (9.7, 28.6)	
Other Total Conventional Hip	4.3 (4.2, 4.3)	4.6 (4.5, 4.7)	4.9 (4.8, 5.0)) 5.3 (5.2,	5.4) 5.7 (5	.6, 5.8) 6	5.1 (6.0, 6.2)	6.5 (6.4, 6.6)
	-							
CPR	16 Yrs	17 Yrs	18 Yrs	19 Yrs	20	Yrs	21 Yrs	22 Yrs
M-Cor/Equator+ Cup								
Other Total Conventional Hip	6.9 (6.8, 7.1)	7.3 (7.1, 7.4)	7.6 (7.4, 7.8	3) 8.2 (8.0,	8.5) 8.5 (8	.2, 8.8) 8	3.9 (8.5, 9.3)	9.3 (8.8, 9.8)

Table 2: Yearly Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2022 are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator.

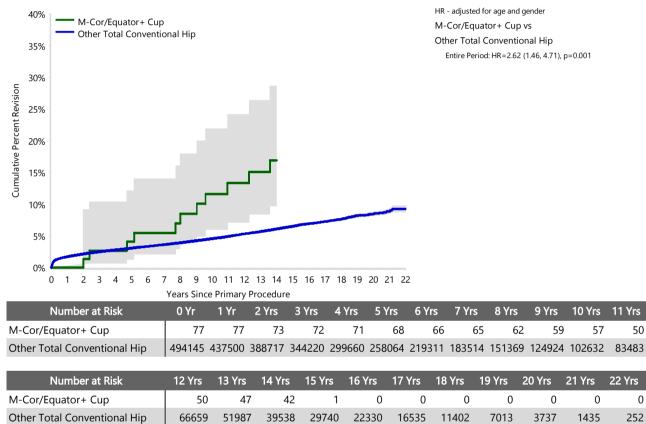
September 2023

FIGURE 1

Yearly Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

The yearly cumulative percent revision of the M-Cor/Equator+ Cup total conventional hip combination is compared to all other total conventional hip prostheses. In addition, hazard ratios are reported.

Hazard ratios are reported for specific time periods during which the hazard ratio is constant. This is done to enable more specific and valid comparisons of the risk of revision over time. The pattern of variation in risk has important implications with respect to the underlying reasons for any difference.





Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2022 are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator.

0

Primary Diagnosis for Revised Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

This table identifies the diagnosis of the primary procedure which was subsequently revised. This information is provided as there is a variation on outcome depending on the primary diagnosis. It is therefore important when considering the reasons for a higher than anticipated rate of revision that there is identification of the primary diagnosis. This information should be compared to the primary diagnosis for the revisions of all other total conventional hip prostheses.

Table 3: Primary Diagnosis for Revised Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

	M-Cor/Equ	lator+ Cup	Other Total Co	nventional Hip
Primary Diagnosis	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Osteoarthritis	11	100.0	14432	82.7
Fractured Neck Of Femur			1291	7.4
Osteonecrosis			797	4.6
Developmental Dysplasia			279	1.6
Rheumatoid Arthritis			186	1.1
Failed Internal Fixation			147	0.8
Tumour			145	0.8
Other Inflammatory Arthritis			99	0.6
Fracture/Dislocation			46	0.3
Arthrodesis Takedown			16	0.1
Other			14	0.1
TOTAL	11	100.0	17452	100.0

Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2022 are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator.

Reasons for Revision

This is reported in two ways: a percentage of primary procedures revised and as a percentage of all revision procedures.

% Primaries Revised: This shows the proportional contribution of each revision diagnosis as a percentage of the total number of primary procedures. This percentage can be used to approximate the risk of being revised for that diagnosis. Differing percentages between groups, with the same distribution of follow up time, may identify problems of concern.

% Revisions: The number of revisions for each diagnosis is expressed as a percentage of the total number of revisions. This shows the distribution of reasons for revision within a group but cannot be used as a comparison between groups.

Table 4: Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement - Reason for Revision (Follow-up Limited to 15.1 Years)

	Ν	/I-Cor/Equator+ Cu	ıp	Othe	r Total Convention	al Hip
Revision Diagnosis	Number	% Primaries Revised	% Revisions	Number	% Primaries Revised	% Revisions
Infection	1	1.3	9.1	3978	0.8	23.2
Prosthesis Dislocation/Instability				3975	0.8	23.2
Fracture	3	3.9	27.3	3744	0.8	21.9
Loosening	1	1.3	9.1	3433	0.7	20.0
Pain				306	0.1	1.8
Leg Length Discrepancy				270	0.1	1.6
Malposition				243	0.0	1.4
Lysis				174	0.0	1.0
Implant Breakage Stem	6	7.8	54.5	160	0.0	0.9
Implant Breakage Acetabular Insert				118	0.0	0.7
Incorrect Sizing				102	0.0	0.6
Wear Acetabular Insert				86	0.0	0.5
Implant Breakage Acetabular				68	0.0	0.4
Metal Related Pathology				68	0.0	0.4
Wear Head				44	0.0	0.3
Tumour				40	0.0	0.2
Implant Breakage Head				30	0.0	0.2
Heterotopic Bone				26	0.0	0.2
Wear Acetabulum				9	0.0	0.1
Progression Of Disease				2	0.0	0.0
Osteonecrosis				1	0.0	0.0
Synovitis				1	0.0	0.0
Other				257	0.1	1.5
N Revision	11	14.3	100.0	17135	3.5	100.0
N Primary	77			494145		

Note: This table is restricted to revisions within 15.1 years for all groups to allow a time-matched comparison of revisions. Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2022 are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator.

FIGURE 2

Cumulative Incidence Revision Diagnosis of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

This figure details the cumulative incidence of the most common reasons for revision. The five most common reasons for revision are included as long as each of these reasons account for more than 10 procedures or at least 5% of all revisions for the M-Cor/Equator+ Cup total conventional hip combination. A comparative graph is provided of the cumulative incidence for the same reasons for revisions for all other total conventional hip prostheses.

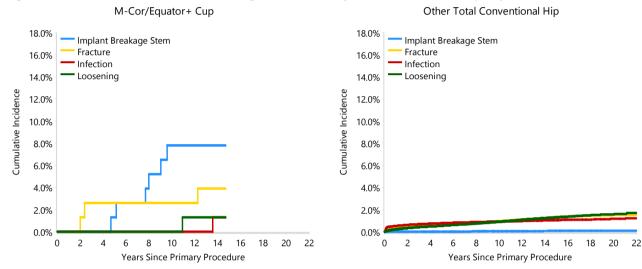


Figure 2: Cumulative Incidence Revision Diagnosis for Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

Type of Revision Performed for Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

This analysis identifies the components used in the revision of the M-Cor/Equator+ Cup total conventional hip combination and compares it to the components used in the revision of all other total conventional hip prostheses.

The reason this analysis is undertaken is to identify whether there is one or more components which are being replaced that differ from the components replaced for revisions of all other total conventional hip prostheses i.e. is there a difference in the type of revision undertaken for the M-Cor/Equator+ Cup total conventional hip combination compared to all other total conventional hip prostheses.

	M-Cor/Equ	uator+ Cup	Other Total Co	nventional Hip
Type of Revision	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Femoral Component	8	72.7	5614	32.8
Acetabular Component			3227	18.8
THR (Femoral/Acetabular)	2	18.2	1960	11.4
Cement Spacer			615	3.6
Removal of Prostheses			94	0.5
Reinsertion of Components			27	0.2
Total Femoral			8	0.0
Bipolar Head and Femoral			5	0.0
Saddle			1	0.0
N Major	10	90.9	11551	67.4
Head/Insert			4264	24.9
Head Only	1	9.1	842	4.9
Minor Components			294	1.7
Insert Only			180	1.1
Bipolar Only			2	0.0
Cement Only			1	0.0
Head/Neck			1	0.0
N Minor	1	9.1	5584	32.6
TOTAL	11	100.0	17135	100.0

Table 5: Primary Total Conv	entional Hip Replacement - ⁻	Type of Revision (Follow-u	p Limited to 15.1 Years)

Note: This table is restricted to revisions within 15.1 years for all groups to allow a time-matched comparison of revisions. Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2022 are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator.

Revision Rates of M-Cor/Equator+ Cup Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Fixation

This analysis is provided as some prostheses have more than one fixation option. Additionally there are prostheses where an alternative to the recommended approach to fixation was used e.g. a cementless prosthesis that has been cemented or vice-versa.

Table 6: Revised Number of M-Cor/Equator+ Cup Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Fixation

Fixation	N Revised	N Total
Cementless	11	77
TOTAL	11	77

TABLE 7

Revision Rates of M-Cor/Equator+ Cup Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Bearing Surface

This analysis is provided as some prostheses are combined with a variety of bearing surfaces. All bearing surfaces used with this combination are listed.

Table 7: Revised Number of M-Cor/Equator+ Cup Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Bearing Surface

Bearing Surface	N Revised	N Total
Ceramic/Ceramic	10	63
Ceramic/Non XLPE	1	11
Metal/Non XLPE	0	3
TOTAL	11	77

Revision Rates of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by State

This enables a state by state variation to be identified for the M-Cor/Equator+ Cup total conventional hip combination and provides the comparative data for each of the states for all other total conventional hip prostheses.

The purpose of this analysis is to determine if the higher than anticipated rate of revision has widespread distribution between states. If there is widespread distribution then the reason for the higher than anticipated rate of revision is unlikely to be surgeon specific. If the prosthesis has been used in only a small number of states it is not possible to distinguish if the higher than anticipated rate of revision is related to the prosthesis, surgeon, technique or patient.

Component	State	N Revised	N Total	
M-Cor/Equator+ Cup	NSW	7	56	
	VIC	4	21	
Other Total Conventional Hip	NSW	4728	144768	
	VIC	4348	128324	
	QLD	3451	86927	
	WA	2389	58888	
	SA	1621	45638	
	TAS	405	16382	
	ACT/NT	510	13218	
TOTAL		17463	494222	

Table 8: Revised Number of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by State

Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2022 are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator.

Number of Revisions of M-Cor/Equator+ Cup Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Year of Implant

This analysis details the number of prostheses reported each year to the Registry for the M-Cor/Equator+ Cup total conventional hip combination. It also provides the subsequent number of revisions of the primaries reported in that year.

Primary procedures performed in later years have had less follow up time therefore the number revised is expected to be less than the number revised in earlier years. For example, a primary procedure performed in 2022 has a maximum of one year to be revised, whereas a primary procedure performed in 2020 has a maximum of three years to be revised.

Table 9: Number of Revisions of M-Cor/Equator+ Cup Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Year of Implant

Year of Implant	Number Revised	Total Number
2007	1	6
2008	10	70
2009	0	1
TOTAL	11	77

Revision Rates of M-Cor/Equator+ Cup Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Catalogue Number Range

Many prostheses have a number of catalogue ranges. The catalogue range is specific to particular design features; more than one catalogue range usually indicates a minor difference in design in a particular M-Cor/Equator+ Cup prosthesis.

This analysis has been undertaken to determine if the revision rate varies according to the catalogue number range.

Model	Catalogue Range	Catalogue Description	Cement	Material	Stem Type
Femoral Stem					
M-Cor	1820030-1820140	FEMORAL STEM	NO	METAL	REQUIRES FEMNECK
Acetabular					
Equator+ Cup	1810148-1810264	EXTERIOR SHELL	NO	METAL	

Table 10: Revised Number of M-Cor/Equator+ Cup Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Catalogue Number Range

Femoral Stem Range Acetabular Range	N Revised	N Total
1820030-1820140 1810148-1810264	11	77
TOTAL	11	77